Morning Oregonian.

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The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at **$10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months.**

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Business Cards.

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Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs.)
Residence—North Fourth street,
no10 Between Bond C. dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIST,

Those preferring this MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him, at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square.

Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.

Portland, Jan. 10, 1864. dtf

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OFFICE—123 First St., over Skidmore's Drug Store. OFFICE HOURS—8 to 9 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M., and 5 to 6 P. M. an11tf

DR. O. J. THIBODO,
(Graduate of Queen's College)
Physician, Surgeon, &c.
Office & Residence—N. W Cor. Oak and First Streets
424dtf2p

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,
Dentist.
DENTAL ROOMS,
No. 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon
d12 d3ptf

O. P. MASON,
Attorney-at-Law,
102 Front Street,
1y25 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

W. LAIR HILL. M. P. MULKEY.
HILL & MULKEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Corner Front and Alder Streets,
y24 PORTLAND, OREGON. tf

J. W. WHALLEY. M. W. FECHHEIMER, Notary Public.
WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
OFFICE—No. 86 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.
y20 Particular attention paid to collections. tf

J. B. UNDERWOOD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
feb15dtf EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
feb29 CORVALLIS, OREGON. dtf

BAKER. D. W. BAKER—ALEX.
BAKER & LICHTENTHALER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
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WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO PROceedings in Bankruptcy. Collections promptly made and remitted. oc26dtf

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GIBBS & PARRISH,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

We have an Abstract of Land Titles in Portland, and give particular attention to Real Estate business.
OFFICE—In Holmes' Building, First street.
j11f

E. F. RUSSELL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
And Solicitor in Chancery,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Will practice in all the Courts of Oregon. Special attention given to the REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTING BUSINESS.
OFFICE—In Parrish's Block. je29dtf

JAMES L. DALY,
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(Opposite no Franklin Book Store.)

WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE Collecting and Adjusting of Accounts, Bills and Notes; Negotiating Inland Bills; Effecting Loans; Selling and Leasing Real Estate. House Renting, and to the General Agency business in all its branches. aug6dtf

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
Fire-proof Stone Building, Wharf St.,
VICTORIA, V. I.
Liberal advances made on consignments. je2d6m

MRS. M. A. THOMPSON,
Isectrician, Accoucher, and Eclectic Physician.

CHRONIC DISEASES, SUCH AS PARALYSIS, Rheumatism, Glandular Enlargement, Deafness and Neuralgia, treated successfully.

Special attention given to Female Diseases. Examinations made by the Electric Battery connecting the nerve forces.

Board, with a pleasant home for a limited number of Patients.

Calls will be attended to in any part of the city.

Batteries for sale and instructions given upon the scientific use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—NO 91 THIRD STREET East side, near the M. E. Church, Portland.
Portland, June 12th, 1868. dtf

S. L. HERMAN. J. J. MURPHY.
HERMAN & MURPHY
Corner of Washington and Third sts.,
DEALERS IN
Oregon and California Produce,
FAMILY GROCERIES, of every description,
GAME,
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES,
of all kinds in season

Goods Delivered to any part of the city, and orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

The Highest Cash Price paid for COUNTRY PRODUCE oct6dlm

P. G. STEWART,
(*Late STEWART & COURLEY.*)
No. 109 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER
AND DEALER IN
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry Goods.
Agent for the AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, also for Wilcox & Gibbs' Letter "G"
Sewing Machines.
jy2dawtf

J. M. KEELER,
OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION AGENCY,
95 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

FOR BUYING AND SHIPPING DIRECT AND FOR Storage and Sale of Exports.
Orders and Consignments respectfully solicited.
General Rate of Commission 5 per Cent.
Also, Commissioner of Deeds for Oregon. ap30dtf

Miscellaneous.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,

(Successors to A. M. & L. M. Starr)
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS
IN
STOVES, FURNACES AND RANGES,
TIN PLATE,

SHEET IRON GALVANIZED SHEET IRON ZINC, Russia Metal, Tinners' Trimmings and Planished Copper Sheet Lead Pipe, Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipe, Brass Work and Connections, Hydraulic Pipe, Nozzles and Reels, Tinners' Tools, Machines and Materials and a complete assortment of House Furnishing Hardware.

Importing our goods principally direct from the East enables us to offer to the trade as cheap and low as any other House on this coast.

Agents for TILTON & M'FARLAND'S SAFES and for the celebrated EXCELSIOR FORCE PUMPS for Manufacturers and Miners use.

No. 34 Front Street,
In O. S. N. Company's Fire-Proof Block
Jan1dtf Portland, Oregon

PORTLAND MACHINE WORKS!
Second St.—Bet. Alder and Morrison,
PORTLAND OREGON
H. GOULDING,
MANUFACTURER OF
Stationary & Steamboat Engines,
QUARTZ MILL AND MINING MACHINERY,
FLOUR MILL, SAW MILL, AND AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

Also, a WATER WHEEL that will get more power out of water than any other style in use. j9dtf

OREGON IRON WORKS!
South Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON

HAVE FACILITIES FOR TURNING OUT FIRST class work equal to any establishment on the coast.

Engines & Boilers,
Flouring & Saw Mills,
Quartz Mills,
and all kinds of castings and machinery made to order.
H. BLOOMFIELD, Superintendent. T. J. CARTER, President.
Portland, Jan. 11, 1869 dtf

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE

GEO. T. CASEBOLT & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
Hard Wood Lumber,
ALL KINDS OF
CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIALS,

COACH TRIMMINGS & COACH HARDWARE,
24 & 26 Beale St., near intersection Pine & Market,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING NEW ADditions to our Stock, carefully selected in the Eastern Markets, which we offer at the LOWEST CASH RATES my14dlply

GODDARD & LAKE.
Nos. 114 and 116, Corner of Morrison and Second Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

HAVING BOUGHT OUT A REFITTED

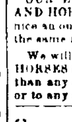
THE OLD BENNETT & WHITE
LIVERY, SALE AND FEED STABLE,

We are now prepared to receive all the old customers, and as many more patrons as see fit to give us a call in our line of business and will give particular attention to FARMERS' STOCK.

We are satisfied that we can and will give entire satisfaction to our friends and the public.

OUR LIVERY IS ALL NEW, BOTH CARRIAGES AND HORSES and we shall take pride in turning out as nice an outfit as any establishment on this coast for the same money.

We will also be prepared to BUY ALL THE GOOD HORSES that come to this market at BETTER PRICES than any one else, as we have a connection below superior to any other parties in San Francisco jy11dtf



GUSTAVE BONNARD,
WATCH-MAKING AND REPAIRING SHOP,
No. 12 Alder St., Portland, Oregon.
PRICES:
For Cleaning and Repairing Watches $1 50
For Repairing Clocks 1 00
ALL WORK GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR

Having had twenty-five years experience in LONDON and PARIS, he feels confident of pleasing the public. d1tf

CHAS. HOPKINS,
(*Successor to G. W. VAUGHN.*)
DEALER IN
Hardware & Cutlery,
IRON AND STEEL,
Blacksmiths' Miners' and Mechanics' TOOLS, PLOWS,
REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS,
And Agricultural Implements Generally,
No. 116 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,
fb64 PORTLAND OREGON dtf

WILLAMETTE NURSERY!
Corner Fifth Street, Oregon
G. W. WALLING & CO., Proprietors.

THE Proprietors would call the attention of the public to their

Choice Fruit Trees,

which have the best reputation of any grown in the State. McLAREN BROS., Corner of First and Washington streets are the Agents for Portland. oct1tf

SALES OF THE FLORENCE ON this Coast, in 1867, exceeded by $16,000 those of any other Sewing Machine, as shown by the Sworn Statements of the Agents at the Internal Revenue Office

Banking and Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.

Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon, is making a deposit of 50% the usual dollars, is now prepared to take risks against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.
CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary.

H. H. JOHNSTON,
Agent for Oregon,
Office—No. 2 Holmes' Block, Portland, Oregon
Portland, Nov 1, 1868. dtf

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—6 EAST INDIA AVENUE LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA SCOTLAND & IRELAND.

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies, Approved bills negotiated or collected. Interest allowed on Deposits

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager
Portland, April 10, 1867 dtf

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
PORTLAND, OREGON

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO COLLECtions, and all other business appertaining to Banking.

SIGHT AND TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE
On San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale. Government Securities bought and sold. au6dawtf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND,
Depository of the **United States,**
No. 73 Front Street (up-stairs),
SELL BOTH
COIN AND CURRENCY EXCHANGE
On San Francisco and the Atlantic States

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN AND CURRENCY. Interest allowed on Time Deposits of Coin.
LEGAL TENDER NOTES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
U S REVENUE STAMPS FOR SALE
OFFICE HOURS—From 10 A. M. to 3 P. M
nov13dtf

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.,
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
ESTABLISHED..... 1809.

CAPITAL	$16,000,000
Accumulated and invested funds, Jan 1, 1868, in gold	13,440,000
Annual income in gold	4,562,500
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, according to law	$50,000
DEPOSIT IN NEVADA,	$50,000
LIMIT ON SINGLE RISKS	$100,000

San Francisco Bankers—Messrs. TALLANT & CO.
BRANCH OFFICE for the Pacific States and Territories, S. E. Corner Sansome and California Streets, San Francisco, California.
LOSSES PAID HERE IN GOLD COIN

WM. H. TILLINGHAST, General Agent
CHAS. G. HARVEY, Secretary
C. P. FERRY, Agent.
je15dtf PORTLAND, OREGON

STONER & NEAL,
(*Successors to W. H. Bennett.*)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Groceries, Provisions,
PRODUCE, &c.,
First Street, bet. Morrison and Alder,
PORTLAND, OREGON

Highest Market Price paid for Produce. Goods delivered free of charge. je11tf

Franklin Fish Market
135 FIRST STREET,
PORTLAND, OREGON
A. FERRARA & BROTHER,
DEALERS IN GAME FISH, GROCERIES VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS, &c.

Goods delivered to our customers in any part of the city free of charge. Cash paid for Country Produce. dtf

A. H. JOHNSON.
WHOLESALE
Butcher and Packer.
SLAUGHTER HOUSE One Mile West of Couch & Flander's Wharf
RESIDENCE—Corner Eighth and Salmon streets
n11dawtf

CALDWELL & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
Dairy Produce,
224 Clay Street, San Francisco.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

CARMEN ISLAND SALT
WARRANTED PURE.

ROCK, COARSE GROUND, DAIRY AND TABLE SALT always on hand and for sale in quantities to suit. jy11tf

HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
S. F. Agents, San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO RESTAURANT,
COR. VINE AND FRONT STS.

THE PROPRIETOR BEGS LEAVE TO inform the public that he has opened a NEW RESTAURANT [illegible] and will keep constantly on hand
Meals and Lunches at all hours. Private Entrance for Ladies. Board by the week.
HAS. LUM
Proprietor.

Notice.

FOREWARN ALL PERSONS FROM HAVING [illegible] with SARAH E. THOMAS [illegible] after this date.
E. C. THOMAS
Portland, Jan 4, 1869. d1w*

RUPERT [illegible] ALL STYLES [illegible]
H. W. CORBETT & CO.

Steamers.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S NOTICE.

THE STEAMERS
SENATOR AND ALERT
WILL LEAVE THE COMPANY'S DOCK PORTLAND, DAILY FOR OREGON CITY at 6½ o'clock A. M. and 2 P. M.

Connecting with the Company's Boats at Oregon City.

EVERY MORNING (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),
FOR SALEM,
ALBANY AND CORVALLIS,
and
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY For Dayton,
Lafayette, McMinnville, Harrisburg, and Eugene City.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT REDUCED RATES.

Salem, Dec. 1, 1868. A. A. McCULLY, dtf Pres't P. T. Co.

WILLAMETTE STEAMBOAT CO.'S NOTICE.

THE STEAMER
"SUCCESS,"
LEAVES CANEMAH FOR ALBANY, ON MONDAYS and THURSDAYS

The Steamer Ann
Connects with the "Success" at Albany, for EUGENE CITY, AND ALL INTERMEDIATE POINTS.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
J. H. SMITH,
d15dtf At the American Exchange Wharf.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHAT-CHEER HOUSE,
Nos. 126, 128, and 130, Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Reduced Rates!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN THIS well known House, solicit increased patronage from the traveling public.

The House has lately been refitted and they are now able to offer additional inducements to their patrons.

The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords and is under the immediate supervision of the proprietors. Rooms well furnished and well ventilated.

A large fire-proof safe for the deposit of valuables.

Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge.

BOARD, per week $5 00
BOARD and LODGING, per week $6 to 8 00

Nothing will be left undone which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.
feb1dtf LYONS, LEONARD & CO.

Cosmopolitan Hotel.
(Formerly Arrigoni's)
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANnounces that having purchased this widely known and well kept hotel, they are now prepared to offer superior accommodations to the traveling public at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

This Hotel is located nearest the steamboat landings. The Hotel coach will be in attendance to convey passengers to and from the house free of charge.

W. R. SEWALL,
GEO. B. COOK
s7dtf Proprietors

NEW COLUMBIAN HOTEL!
Nos. 118, 120 and 122 Front Street
PORTLAND, OREGON
E. CARNEY Proprietor

THE LARGEST, BEST AND MOST CONVENIENT Hotel in Portland. Located in the center of business, and near all the Steamboat Landings.

AT REDUCED RATES. Board and Lodging per day from $1 50, to $2 according to the room occupied.

Rooms newly furnished and well ventilated. Superior accommodations for families.

THE COLUMBIAN COACH will be in attendance at all the landings to convey passengers and baggage to and from this Hotel *Free of Charge*. jy15dtf

WESTERN HOTEL.
PORTLAND, OREGON,
DORCY & HOLMES,
PROPRIETORS

THIS HOTEL is located near the Steamship Landing.

The Hotel coach will be in attendance at all the Landings to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the House FREE OF CHARGE. nldtf

EMPIRE HOTEL,
Dalles City.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS his friends and the traveling public, that the alterations on his Hotel are now completed, and he flatters himself that he can offer superior inducements to those who favor him with their patronage, as it is his intention to keep a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Nothing will be left undone to make his guests comfortable. Hotel omnibus to carry passengers to and from the Hotel free. Large fire Proof Safe in the office for safe keeping of valuables. Hotel open all night in charge of a careful watchman.
THOS. SMITH,
jy13dtf Proprietor Empire Hotel, Dalles, Oregon.

Salem Restaurant!
COMMERCIAL STREET,
(Opposite the State House,)
Salem, Oregon.
CHARLES DICKINSON

HAVING THOROUGHLY RENOVATED THIS House and having lodgings attached is prepared to accommodate Boarders on No 1 style, with or without lodgings. would invite all from the traveling public desiring them that no pains will be spared to accommodate them to the best that the market affords. s2dtf

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!
(LATE LINCOLN HOUSE,)
Corner Washington and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
L. P. W. QUIMBY,

HAVING taken the above House, wishes to announce to the public that they have prepared to accommodate guests in a superior manner. Nothing will be left undone which is in the power of the proprietor to do, to render guests comfortable.

FREE COACH TO AND FROM THE HOUSE.
Portland, Feb. 2, 1867 dtf

COLONIAL HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
Government Street,
VICTORIA, V. I., B. C.

Bed Rooms furnished and every attention paid to the comfort of Travelers.

Fresh Beef, Bread, Fish and Vegetables in season.
1y1dtf S. DRIARD, Proprietor.

M. A. FORTES,
PORTER AND MESSENGER.

MESSAGES DELIVERED TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY

M. A. FORTES,
1y1dtf With H. Bates' Washing Institute

Newspaper Ink.
200 LBS. NEWS INK IN 50 LB KEGS
Put up in
HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 2 Washington Block, Front st. Portland

Dufur's Premium Cheese.
3,000 LBS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
H. PITTOCK'S
dlm

Southern Claims in Congress

We make the following extracts from the powerful argument delivered in the Senate by Judge Williams in opposition to the celebrated Sue Murphy claim. We hope every citizen of Oregon will read it. No one can seriously question the correctness of the views expressed on this subject by our distinguished Senator.

When the Senator from Indiana Mr. Morton propounded a question yesterday to the effect ought not a loyal person in the State of Alabama whose property is taken for the purposes of this war to be paid in the same way as a person in New York whose property is taken for the purposes of this war under the same circumstances it was said that the inquiry suggested a conclusive argument in support of this claim. Now, sir I make this answer: no property could be taken in the State of New York during the rebellion for war purposes under the same circumstances as property was taken in the State of Alabama for such purposes. The fallacy lies in the unfounded assumption that the circumstances attending property in the State of New York were like the circumstances surrounding property in the State of Alabama. Property in the State of New York was under the protection and laws of the United States, while property in the State of Alabama, in consequence of the rebellion, was not under the protection of the Constitution and laws of the United States. When, therefore, property in the State of New York was taken by the Government for the purposes of prosecuting the war, a legal liability attached to the Government to pay for that property; but when property was taken in the State of Alabama, a State at war with the Federal Government, no such legal liability attached.

Moreover, sir, it is to be remembered that the citizens of the State of New York contributed of their money in the shape of taxes and otherwise to the support of the Government in the prosecution of the war, every person in the State of New York was compelled by law to contribute to the prosecution of the war, while in the State of Alabama every citizen contributed to the rebellion against the Government. Law could take the property of citizens of New York, in the shape of taxes and otherwise to maintain the Government, while every cent which the Government obtained in the State of Alabama to support its cause was necessarily obtained by force of arms.

Some effort has been made to create a distinction between property deliberately taken and property taken in another way for the purpose of prosecuting the war. I think that is a distinction without a difference. Suppose while General Grant was investing the city of Vicksburg it was necessary to tear down houses or destroy fields of grain in order to erect his batteries, was that property deliberately taken? Suppose that during the war the Union Army were compelled to cut down forests for the purpose of supplying themselves with fuel, was that property deliberately taken? Suppose that in pursuit of or retreat from the enemy the Union Army was compelled to seize horses, wagons, boats, or other means of conveyance, was that property deliberately taken? Many railroads in the Southern States, millions of dollars' worth, I presume, of railroad property in the Southern States was destroyed by the Union armies to prevent the retreat or the pursuit of a rebel force. Was that property deliberately destroyed or not?

Sir, no distinction of that nature can be made between the different kinds of property and the circumstances under which it was taken and destroyed. Pass this bill and put it upon that ground and you open a door to the Treasury which can never be closed until the nation is brought to the verge of hopeless bankruptcy.

Millions of property were destroyed in the South by means of the emancipation proclamation. Slaves were as much property in law as horses and cattle. Suppose that a Union man whose whole property was invested in slaves joined the Union Army and was killed in battle and the emancipation proclamation left his widow and children without a cent in the world, is not that a case where property was deliberately taken by the Government, and are not the circumstances such as to appeal to our warmest sympathies? It has been by a constitutional amendment declared that no compensation shall be made to those who were slaveholders in the South for the emancipation of their slaves, and from that I argue that the people of this country have decided this question. They have decided that there is to be no distinction between loyal and disloyal people in the South as to their claims, for that constitutional amendment cuts off the claims of loyal men to their property in the same way as it destroys the claim of disloyal men to their property in the Southern States. That question has been presented to the people of this country, and they have deliberately affirmed the doctrine that there shall be no recognition of such claims by the General Government. I know a distinction can be made on moral grounds between that and other kinds of property, but there were loyal men in the South and loyal families who suffered as much in consequence of the emancipation of their slaves as Sue Murphey suffered by the destruction of her house.

It has been said, for the purpose of producing effect I suppose, that to reject this claim is to treat the petitioner and others who stand upon the same ground as public enemies. Sir, I deny the correctness of that proposition. I sympathize with the loyal people of the South who have suffered in consequence of this rebellion. I am willing to go as far as I reasonably can to repair the losses which they have sustained, but when I say to Sue Murphey that I cannot vote for her claim I simply say to her that she must abide by the calamities and misfortunes of the war that have fallen upon her as the orphans and widows, children fathers and mothers of the North, must abide by afflictions brought upon them by the war.

That is all that is said in refusing to pay this claim. War was raging in the State of Alabama, and Sue Murphey suffered by the presence of that war like thousands of other people every where in every part of the Southern States; and I reject this claim simply to affirm that she must abide by the circumstances in which this wicked and unhappy war left her and the other people of this country.

Sir, how stands the account? Compare the sacrifices and sufferings of the loyal States for the Government with the sacrifices and sufferings made by the disloyal States for the same purpose during the war. More than a million men were taken from active labor and from their usual avocations in the North and put into the field to fight the battles for the Government, while how down in the thousands may be found the number of those in the disloyal States who assisted in fighting those battles. More than two hundred thousand brave men who entered the army from the Northern States now sleep in bloody graves, who fell in fighting the battles of the country, while comparatively few sleep by their sides who enlisted in the army from the Southern States. Look at the contributions of means and money made during the existence of the war to maintain the millions and tens of millions that were poured into the public Treasury from the Northern States with the amount that was put into the public Treasury from the States arrayed in hostility to the Government. Take these amounts and strike the balance and tell me if the people in the North the tax payers and those who fought the battles and sustained the burdens ought now to be made to contribute their means to repair the losses which were occasioned to the Southern people by their rebellion against the Government.

Sir, if this claim is all well and the principle established, it will necessarily follow, in my judgment, that millions of dollars will be paid to people in the South on whose skirts is the blood of your murdered sons and brothers. I am not, of course, giving an accurate opinion as to the number, but I venture to say that thousands of men in the South contributed to create that spectacle, feeling of hatred which developed itself in the rebellion, and when the clash of arms came they retired and occupied a neutral position during the war. Such men can, of course, succeed in proving that they were loyal during the struggle while they are a thousand times more responsible for the rebellion than the chivalric and generous youth who, under their education and influence took up the musket and gallantly fought for what he supposed to be the rights of the State in which he was born.

Sir, it would be only [illegible] to the ultimate argument to reject [illegible] between the friends and the enemies [illegible] undertake to pay these claims. Taking the standard of loyalty which would be set up by my distinguished friend from the State of Kentucky, and I would ask you how many of the people of the South would be left [illegible] from a right to payment of their claims in the view of the question of loyalty. It would be [illegible] and I only say that the people and that the people of the South were fighting for the right. I assert a right. It is not a question of the subject of a new [illegible] but it is the old claim the assertion in Congress not perhaps an impossible thing and if you open the door to such precedent as that case would create there would be no end to the claims and it would put a stop to the expenditure of funds in their payment except the perfect exhaustion of the Treasury of the country.

I do not wish to [illegible] anybody any unpleasant [illegible] I have supposed that I was the most favorable extent this resolution demonstrated the people or a considerable portion of the people of the Southern States. I hear of Ku Klux organizations and men sympathizing with them. I hear of murders committed there in the broad daylight in the face of the men whose business it is to maintain the authority of the law and the offenders go unwhipped of justice. I hear of trials there which amount to nothing but mockery. Now, sir, suppose that a person in the South, considering this war on our part was wanton and wicked, and believing that all the calamities which were brought upon the South by its prosecution were the work of tyranny, and that he is justifiable in resorting to any means to make himself even with the Government—suppose such a person should prefer a claim against the Federal Government for property destroyed, how easy would it be for his Ku Klux associates, or those who sympathize with him or those who sit upon juries and refuse to convict when the evidence shows crime in broad daylight, to prove his loyalty. How easy to establish his loyalty by the testimony of such persons! These men have not, so far as I know been particularly scrupulous about the means which they have employed for the purpose of redressing their supposed grievances. I do not mean to make this as a general sweeping charge against the people of the South, but I say that the history of the day places a considerable portion of that people in this category. Make this case a precedent, and a cloud of claim agents will swarm around this Capitol and the Government which was strong enough to resist all the forces of the great rebellion would reel and stagger under the weight of its own rottenness.

Some effort has been made to distinguish this case from others on the ground that the Federal Army occupied the town of Decatur, in which Miss Sue Murphey lived. Does that make any difference in respect to the merits of the claim? Is it true that wherever property was taken by the Army, in or about its encampment the Government is bound to pay, but wherever it was taken elsewhere the Government is exonerated from payment? The Army of the Union moved from point to point through the Southern States. At one point it was found to-day and there it was said, if property was taken, the Government must pay for it, but to-morrow it moves to another point, and the position abandoned becomes rebel territory, and at the other point, if property was taken, the Government must pay. What sort of a principle is this to introduce into the adjustment of claims from the Southern States? This property was taken as a part of the military operations of the Army of the United States to conquer the State of Alabama and compel it to submit to the authority of the United States, and I say that, in my opinion, the Government is no more liable to pay for that property than it would be to pay for the grass and wheat over which the Army might march in its movements, or to pay for the wood or ground it might take or occupy in its encampment, or the structures which it might destroy upon the battle field.

Much has been said about the manner in which this property was taken. Military officers of the Government desired the site of Sue Murphey's house for a fortification, and so the property was torn down and destroyed for that purpose; and it is argued that those circumstances give the owner a right to compensation at the hands of the Government. To illustrate my idea and show the fallacy of this position, let me suppose that Miss Sue Murphey owned a house in one end of the town of Decatur and Patrick Murphey owned a house in the other end of the town, coming to that town in the prosecution of the war the Union Army found it necessary to erect a fort upon the site of the house owned by Miss Sue Murphey, and they tear it down and put up the fort. Soon after, a party of the enemy makes its appearance and protects itself behind the house of Patrick Murphy, and a ball or some missile hurled from the fort standing on the site of Sue Murphey's house at the enemy destroys the house belonging to Patrick Murphey. Now, says the distinguished Senator, the Government must pay Sue Murphey for her house, but it ought not to pay Patrick Murphey for his house. Assuming that they are both loyal citizens, one is as much entitled to the favor of the Government on that ground as the other. The property of each was destroyed by the same agency, the Government of the United States destroys the house of both parties. They are both destroyed for the purpose of prosecuting the war, and in all respects, it seems to me, that the claims of these two persons stand upon precisely the same ground. Establish this precedent, and it will be very easy to extend the range of your argument, and so we shall go on, step by step, extending the jurisdiction of Congress over these claims until the time comes when they will all be embraced and all recognized as valid against the Government.

I do not oppose this claim from any feeling of unkindness to the people of the South, or any portion of its people. I desire as much as any man can to see that section of our country restored to peace and to prosperity. I was sorry to hear it suggested that if this claim and similar claims were not allowed by Congress the loyal men of the South would cease to be the friends and become the enemies of the Government. I can hardly persuade myself that this intimation has been authorized by any considerable portion of the loyal people of that country.

Curiosities of Ice

In 1850 Mr. Farraday discovered that two pieces of ice placed in contact froze together almost instantly. Mr. Tyndall says: "One hot summer day I entered a shop on the Strand. On the window fragments of ice were lying in a basin. The tradesman gave me permission to take the pieces of ice in my hand. Holding the first piece, I attached all the other pieces in the basin to it. The thermometer was then above 60 degrees and all the pieces were frozen together. In this way Mr. Tyndall formed a chain of ice. This experiment may be made even in hot water. Throw two pieces of ice in a pail full of almost boiling water, keep them in contact and they will freeze together despite the high temperature. Mr. Farraday made another experiment of the same sort. He threw into a vessel full of water several pieces of ice. They floated on the surface of the water. The moment the piece touched another there was an instantaneous refreezing. Attraction soon brought all the pieces in contact so that in an instant an ice chain was formed.

An ice wheel turning on a surface of ice refreezes at the point of contact during the revolution a series of cracks are heard which show the ear that successive refreezing is constantly taking place. The phenomenon of refreezing is easily experimented. At the surface of a piece of ice the atoms which are no longer in equilibrium on the outside, tend to leave their neighbors as happens in the case of evaporation. Melting ensues. But if two pieces of ice are brought together the atoms at the surface are restored to their equilibrium, the attractive action becomes active, and if water is also present the two pieces will freeze together. An interesting experiment is observed when a piece of ice is partly immersed in water. Put a piece of ice in a pail of water and the ice may be made to float. The reason why ice has hands with snow and ice impossible is that by pressure the [illegible] sufficiently hard to [illegible] a dangerous projectile.

This explains the extraordinary rigidity of the bridges of snow which are often seen in the Alps. An accident recently occurred in the Alps. An experienced guide was crossing a bridge of snow when he suddenly heard a loud report. Nothing would be easier than [illegible] ice made of [illegible] spindles, glasses, [illegible] cutlery, all of snow. A gentleman in Paris recently served [illegible] with [illegible] ice. Not fire in [illegible] made of snow. Snow compressed in this way does not melt so rapidly as might be thought. Ice requires a great deal of heat before it melts. A piece of ice often becomes at rest against itself. If you would prevent anything from sinking to a temperature below 32 degrees during the very severest frosts, we know of [illegible] wrap it in wet rags.

The principle of freezing gives to the environing bodies all the heat necessary to destroy it. The water in the rags slowly forms small pieces of ice [illegible] at the heat necessary to destroy it. The water in the rags slowly forms small pieces of ice [illegible] the object wrapped in the rags.

A tree wrapped in rags, or in moss saturated with water, does not freeze even when the thermometer is several degrees below the point. The snowiness with which ice melts is well known. In the winter of 1740 the Czar built at St. Petersburg a magnificent palace of ice, which lasted several years. Since then cannons have been made of ice, and they have been loaded with balls and fired. They were fired ten times without bursting. It is consequently indisputable that ice may be slowly and may be turned to good account in the Polar regions. In Siberia the windows have panes of ice. The remarkable property with which particles of ice are endowed of moulding themselves into different shapes by refreezing explains how glaciers make their way through narrow gorges and expand in valleys. The ice is broken into fragments which refreeze whenever they touch.

Prof. Tyndall says: "When two pieces of ice at the melting temperature are placed in contact with each other they freeze together: and even when two pieces floating on water touch each other they freeze together. To this freezing together the term *regelation* has been applied. It is by pressure and regelation that glaciers are formed: the snow granulates, when powerfully squeezed together, regelate, and form a coherent mass. It is by this property that a glacier accommodates itself to the valley which it fills. We can thus cut out of small fragments form a sphere of ice; cut out of the sphere we can form a lens, of the lens a cup. The ice cups placed edge to edge freeze together and form a hollow sphere. In these cases the ice is crushed, and then regelated; but when the passage is very gradual the change is gradual, and the ice becomes like soft wax. It can be moulded into any form. Rings, vases, [illegible] can be thus made of ice; and these once produced may be turned to the following practical use: pour plaster of Paris into a vessel, place it on an object moulded in ice, then pour plaster over the ice. The plaster will 'set' around it, and the ice may be melted, and the space it occupied left. Thus in the simplest way we may obtain perfect plaster moulds, from which metal castings can be taken.

This process is much like a very old one used by sculptors to cast in bronze. They made the model in clay, coated with wax of the thickness intended for the bronze; then coated outside with clay or other molding material. When dry, the mold was heated gently and baked, the wax ran out or was expelled as gas in the baking, and the cavity was left in a proper state to receive the bronze.—*Newark Journal.*

**Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW

PORTLAND Feb 5 1869

Sterling New York on the 31st quoted at 108 a [illegible]

Legal Tenders are worth 69@74 c

New York—Wheat quiet but steady at $2 08@$2 10 on the 24. Pork closed very firm for buyers; now mess, $33 50 asked; $30 50 bid. Beef steady and quiet, prices unchanged—$9@14 50 for new plain, $14@19 50 for extra mess. Butter dull at 25@45 for Ohio. Flour, [illegible] $6 00@$11 20

Liverpool—Wheat, Ha adv 1d lard

San Francisco—Flour all brands unchanged. Wheat, shippers to fair, $1 50@$1 70; fair to choice, $1 70@$1 80. Barley feed, $1 10@$1 20; brewing, $2 20@$2 30. Oats—California range from $2 10@$2 25, and Oregon from $2 20@$2 30

Portland—The market for all descriptions produce very quiet, with same prices, generally, as at last report The steamer *Continental* carried away a full cargo of flour, oats, and a general variety of produce. The brig *Brewster* and the bark *Almatea* are now at the dock and will take cargoes of produce. These shipments are mostly on manufacturers' account, and very few lots are changing hands The only notable change in prices is in bacon and eggs for which buyers are offering less than last week.

The merchandise market remains quiet. We note a further slight advance in seconds shestings. There have been fair sales of groceries during the week, to supply, however, only present needs. Orders from Eastern Oregon suspended for the present and sales confined to the Willamette valley.

Wholesale and Jobbing Prices.

PORTLAND, Feb. 5, 1869.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—(Seasonable Goods Gang Plows, $100@125; Grain Drills, $125@135; Hay Cutters, $12@20; Daniel's Straw Cutters, $40@45; Steel Plows $12@25, Breaking Plows, $25@30; Hunt's handled Axes, $8 00; boys' do $15 00; Hunt's unhandled do., $10 00; shovels, long handled round point, $13 70@14; Spades, long handle, $15 00@18 00; do., D. H, $14 00 @17 00; Hay Forks, 2 tine, $8@9; do 3 tine, $10@11 do 3 tine strapped, $12 50@13 50; Manure Forks, 4 tine L H teeth $15 00; Garden Hoes, $9 00; do. Rakes, steel Brush $10 00@14 50; Spading Forks, $6 50@20 00, scythes, $20

ALCOHOL—Eastern, $3 75; California, $3 85

BACON—Sides 11@11½c, hams 13@15c; Cross sugar cured do. 25c. Shoulders 6@8c.

BUTTER—Oregon solid, 40@50 ₱ lb; brine 45@50; fresh rolls, 50@55; lathmus, 45@50.

BEANS—White Pea 8½c; Red, 8c; Pink, 8c. Small White, 8½@9c.

BUILDING MATERIALS.—New Jersey Cement, ₱ bbl, $6 00, Knapp's, $4 50@$5 00; Santa Cruz Lime, ₱ bbl, $3 25@3 50; San Juan do, $2 75@3 00; Calcine Plaster, $6 50.

BROOMS.—Oregon make, No. 1, $6 25 ₱ doz.; No 2, $5 25 ₱ doz; No 3, $4 25 ₱ doz; California make, No 1, $5 25; No 2, $4 25; No 3, $3 25.

CANDLES—Granite, 19½c ₱ ℔'s, 19c; Kelly's, 18c; Star, 18c; Ward's, 18½c; Harkness', 21; Macy's, 18.

COFFEE—Rio, 19½c; Costa Rica, 20; Java, none; Jones' Prepared Java, none; Chartres, 23@24c.

DRIED FRUIT—Oregon Apples, 6½@7½cts; California peaches 10@12½.

FLOUR—Imperial, $5 00 ₱ bbl; Standard, $5 00; Vaughn's, $5 00; Magnolia, $5 00; Salem Mills, $5 00 Albany Steam Mills, $5 00; Commercial, $5 00; Dayton, extra $5 00; do superfine, $4 50; Oregon Mills, $5. Good Company brands, $4@4 50; Mission Mills, $4 00; Brooklyn Mills, $5 00; Champoeg Mills, $5. Star Mills, $5 00.

GRAPES—California, $3 ₱ box.

HARDWARE—Iron Axles, 10@11; Carriage Springs, 23@25; Axe Handles, $4 00@4 75; Pick do, $4 00@$4 50; Sledges do, $3 00@4 00; Bar Lead, 12½c; Sand Paper, $6 00; Pat. Cross-cut Saws, ₱ ft, 90 cts; Mill do., ₱ ft. $1 40@2 00; Anvils, Armitage, 17. Sledges, cast steel, 50; Bellows, $30@00; Newhouse Traps, $4 50@$24 00; Grindstones, 4½; Cable Chain, 9 to 14; Thimble Skeins, $8 00@12 00; Scale Beams, $1 00 ₱ C., Union Scales, Fairbanks', $14 00; Grocers' do do., $12 00.

HORSE NAILS—Dobbin (hand made), 50@55; Putnam (pressed), 35@40; Griffin (pressed), 25@30.

IRON.—Round Bar, 5½ to 2 inch; 5c; Small Bar, 6½@10; Norway Shoe Shape, 8; American do., 7½; Half Rod, 11.

LARD—Oregon 10 ₱ cans 11@11½c; in bulk 9@10c.

MATCHES—Gen. Stewart's, $2 75@3 ₱ gross; Cal do., $2 00 ₱ gross.

MILL FEED—Bran—Ka $30 00 ₱ ton; Middlings, $35 ₱ ton; Ground Feed, ₱ ton, $35.

MISCELLANEOUS—Raisins, new fresh layers in boxes, $5 25; ½ boxes $3 37½; ¼ boxes $2 75; Currants, ₱ lb. 15@16c.; Yeast Powders, P. & M. $20 ₱ gross. Donnelly's, do. $30; Taylor & Young's, do, $30; Saleratus, Church's 10c ₱ lb.; Babbitts, 11c; Oysters, Pacific $2 25; Mackerel, ₱ bbl, 15 50; Rice No. 1, 3 75. California cheese, 22@23

NAILS—Best brand, $5 50 ₱ keg; Fine Finishing and brads, $7 00; Lath 3d Size $10 50; Boat Spikes, $9 00

OILS—Kerosene Oil—Downer's 65c ₱ gal.; Devoe's 60c; New Bedford, 55c; other brands, 55; Lard Oil, $1 75 ₱ gal; Winter Strained, $2 00; China Nut Oil, $1 25, Polar Oil, 60c; Paraffine Oil, Hayward & Coleman's, $1 25, Tanner's Oil, 80c; Neatsfoot Oil, $2 00; Sperm Oil, $2 00. Castor Oil, $2 50; Linseed Oil, boiled, $1 40; raw, $1 40.

POWDER—Dupont's, 55c for ¼ cans; 65c for ½ cans; Rifle, in 25 ℔ kegs, $8 00; Sporting, in 5lb cans, $3 50 each; Hazard's Kentucky rifle, 55c for 1 ℔ cans; 65c for ½ ℔ cans; California, 55c for ℔ cans; 65c ½ ℔ cans; Eagle Duck, 1/2 and ¼ ₱ keg, $4 50; do do per ½ keg, $2 50. Blasting, ₱ keg of 25 lbs., $2 75. Double tape fuse per M ft, $15; single tape fuse, per M ft, $10.

ROPE—Per lb. 19c.

SUGARS—Sand. Island, 11½@11½c; San Francisco Yellow C., 10½@10½c; Golden C., hf bbls, 10¼@10½c; Powdered, 13½; Crushed, in bbls, 13½c in half bbls, 13¾

SYRUPS—In bbls, 90c ₱ gall; 5 gallon kegs, 95c@$1 ₱ gallon; San Francisco and Pacific Refinery, 90c per gallon; Bay Refinery, 90c ₱ gallon; California Refinery, extra, $1 ₱ gallon.

SOAP—Oregon brands, 7½@8½c; Colgate, 10½; Castile, 22½c; Cal. brands, 7½@8½c.

SALT—Liverpool fine, $37 50; do. coarse, $35; Carmen Island none; Ground Rock, $37 50; Dairy, $27 50.

SALMON—Half bbl $6 50; bbls, $10 00.

STEEL.—Cast Steel, 20@25; Plow do., 12c.

SHOT.—Drop Shot, $2 00; Ball and Buck-Shot, $2 25

TEAS—Comet, 95@97; Imperial and Gunpowder, 70@$1 25; Pow Chong, 85; Imitation Comet, 50@75; Japan 80 85; Basket 87½@90c.

Domestic Produce Market.

PORTLAND, Feb. 5, 1869

Apples, ₱ box	75@1 25
Apples, dried ₱ ℔	5@6
Wheat, new, ₱ bushel	65@70
Oats ₱ bushel	53@55
Corn meal ₱ 100 lbs	$ 00@4 50
Ground Feed ₱ ton	30 00@35 00
Peaches dried, ₱ ℔	12@13
Bacon ₱ ℔	10@10½
Hams	13@14
Shoulders	9@7
Lard, in tins	11@11½
Lard, in kegs	9@10
Eggs ₱ doz	20@22
Butter	40@45
Chickens, young, ₱ doz	2 00@4 00
" grown, ₱ doz	3 00@3 50
Furs—Fisher	1 50@3 00
" Fox, cross	75@1 00
" red	1 00
" Marten, prime, dark	2 50@3 00
" "	1 50@2 50
" Mink, dark, meth—n	1 00@2 00
" pale	75@1 25
" Muskrat	12½
" Otter, prime dark	1 50@3 00
" Coon	12½
" Wolf, large	1 00
" Wild Cat	37½@50
" Skunk	12½
" Fur Seal	1 00@2 50
" Beaver, dark, per ℔	3 00@4 00
" Bear, black	2 50@5 00
" " brown	1 50@2 50
" Cat	25
Beans ₱ 100 lbs	6 00@8 00
Wool, ₱ ℔	14@18
Hay, from wagons, ₱ ton	17 00
Hides, salted, ₱ ℔	4½@5
" dry	9@11

Weekly Retail Family Market.

PORTLAND, Feb. 5, 1869

DOMESTIC & FOREIGN FRUITS.		Clear side	12½
Green apples	$1@1 25	Shoulders, country cut	8@9
Pears, per box	1 50@2 50	" Butcher's and packer's	10
Dried—		" Butcher's and packer's sug'r cured	12½
Apples ₱ ℔	10@11	Cheese Cal ₱ ℔	25@30
Pears ₱ ℔	15	Cheese, Oregon	30
Peaches ₱ ℔	16½	Eggs fresh ₱ doz	28
Plums, pitless	20@25	Honey ₱ ℔	25
" with pits	12½@15	Lard, choice, ₱ ℔	14
Figs, Cal, ₱ ℔	25	10 ℔ loaf in tins	$1 50
Smyrna	40	Butter—	
Prunes ₱ ℔	30@40	Choice fresh roll	50
GROCERIES.		Good " "	50@55
Coffee—		Ordinary " "	45
Green C K ₱ ℔	22	Common, ₱ ℔	37½
" Java	35	Flour—₱ ½ sack	
Java, Rio	40	Imperial	1 38
Chartres	35	Standard	1 38
Sugar—Crushed	20	Vaughn's	1 38
Pulverized "	20	Other brands	1 12@1 25
Granulated "	20	POULTRY, GAME, &c.	
Yell'w R'f.	16½	Turkeys	$1 25@2 00
Islands	15@16	Chickens, grown	50
Syrup in kegs,	1@1 12½	" spring	none
" per gal	$1 25	Puget Sound Cod	16@20
Tea—Ying Hyson	$1 50	Salt salmon ₱ ℔	20
Imperial	$1 50	VEGETABLES.	
Oil "	1 25	Beets ₱ ℔	3
Japan "	1 00@1 25	Carrots	3
Black	75@1 25	Onions ₱ ℔	5
PROVISIONS		Turnips ₱ ℔	2@3
Hams, country cut	18	Potatoes	50@75
Butcher's "	20	Cabbage, ₱ doz	1 00@2 00
Butcher's and packers' Sug cured		Cauliflower, doz	3 00
Cured "	22@25	Sweet potatoes, ₱ ℔	none
Bacon—breakfast ₱ ℔	18@19	Parsnips ₱ ℔	4
		Celery ₱ doz	2 00

Cotton Goods and Woolen Market.

PORTLAND, Feb 5, 1869

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS.—*Blankets*, Oregon gray, No 1 $6@7; No 2, $5 50; No 3, do $4 25; do white, No 1 extra $12; No 1 $8 50; do No 2, $7; No 2, blue $7 75, No 2 green, $7 75. Vicunas, No 1, $11. No 2, $8; 8-4 White flannel $1 10@$1 25; 4-4 White do, 75c; 3-4 White do $ 3 25c; Plain assorted colors, flannel, 40@45c; Fancy Twilled shirting do, 50@55c; Grey flannel shirting do 40c. Hard times, 30c. Grey Doeskin, $1 00. Fancy do $1 10. Drab Mixed Beaver, 95c; Fancy Cassimeres, $1 00@$1 10; Tweeds, 75@85c; Yarns, $1@1 15

COTTON GOODS.—*Sheetings*—Standard, 14½@15½c; 4-4 goods, 13@14c; light, 11@11c, Standard drills, 16½c. *Shirting*—Brown not undressed, 16@22c, bleached 3/4 to ½, 16@12½c *Denims*—15@21c Hickory stripes, 15@23c. *Prints*—Fancy, 11½c; Merrimac, 12c. Delaines, 20. *Ticking*—4 qr 25@37c; 5-4 inch, 18@35c Linens, 24@35c. 10/4 bleach 50 Oakland heavy sheeting, 28c ₱ yard. 30 inch sheeting 12½@13½c ₱ yard.

Cattle and Live Stock Market.

PORTLAND, Feb 5, 1869.

CATTLE—Beef cattle, $5 50@$6 50 ₱ cwt net

SHEEP—Good mutton sheep, $2 00@3 00 ₱ head.

HOGS—Well fatted, weighing 140 lbs and upward, nett, 5@6 cents ₱ ℔

VEAL CALVES—Spring, $5@$10 ₱ head

San Francisco.

CHANCE OF NAME!

MERCADO & CO. SUCCESSORS To Mercado & Scully have been urged for their own protection and the safety of the public to change the name of their celebrated Bitters to

MERCADO'S
Native California Wine
BITTERS

We subjoin the following affidavit in an injunction suit formerly pending between Mercado & Scully, plaintiffs and G. A. Elmot, defendant:

P. Sainsevain, being duly sworn says That the article known as Sainsevain's California Wine Bitters was manufactured by Mercado & Scully, about the month of March, 1861, without the said Sainsevain Brothers having any concern in the manufacture thereof. The deponent has always known and considered said Mercado & Scully as the Sole Proprietors of the Sainsevain California Wine Bitters."

Notwithstanding the above affidavit the said P. Sainsevain is putting up a compound under the name of Sainsevain's California Wine Bitters representing it to be the same as our celebrated Bitters which we have been manufacturing and selling in immense quantities since 1860, and also affixing a nearly similar label to that used on our genuine Wine Bitters BENOIT DESERVED Send for

MERCADO'S

NATIVE CALIFORNIA WINE BITTERS.

And you will obtain the same popular beverage so favorably known since 1860 **Beware of Counterfeits!** Purchasers of our Wine *Bitters* are requested to observe the familiar old yellow label and see that the words, "MERCADO & SCULLY SAN FRANCISCO," are engraved on the Government stamp pasted over the cork of each bottle. This is the only effectual security against the counterfeit imitations

Depot—506 and 508 Jackson street, San Francisco

MERCADO & CO

n11daw3m

N. W. SPAULDING,
Saw-Smithing & Repairing
ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 112 Pine Street, between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH INSERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross cut, Mill, Mulay, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-Saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho. Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

July 1st, 1866.—dtf N. W SPAULDING

New Article of Watches & Jewelry

CALLED COMPOSITION "GOLD METAL," which has all the appearance of fine Gold, wears well and is very low in cost.

PRICE OF MEN'S WATCHES IN HUNTING CASES:

Lowest price Watches, gold metal or white metal	$ 8 00
Beautiful engraved case, anchor lever	15 00
" octagon shaped case, fine finish	15 00
Heavy American style	15 00
Half size, engraved	10 00
Beautiful stem winders, nice size watches	20 00

LADIES' WATCHES—HUNTING CASES:

Lowest price watches	8 00
Beautiful engraved case, anchor lever	10 00
Extra fine engraved and Enamel, very handsome	25 00

CHAINS:

24 different styles of vest chains, very handsome, each	2 50
24 different styles long neck chains for Ladies	6 00
Leontine chains to fasten with a pin	5 00

SLEEVE BUTTONS:

24 different styles—plain, black, enamel, engraved and with coral—per pair, each	3 00 6 00
Shirt Studs, per set	2 00
Beautiful sets Pins and Ear-rings, enameled, with or without coral	3 00
Children's sets, Pin and Ear-rings, engraved and enameled, with and without coral	5 00
We have Ladies' watches, very beautiful in 18 carat gold cases, WARRANTED	35 to 50 00

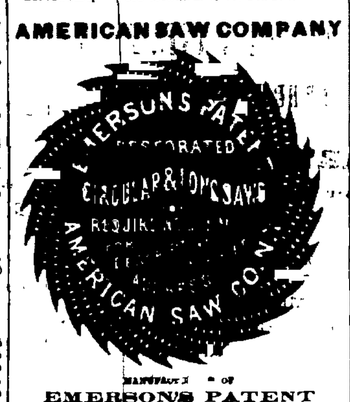
We deal largely in the finest GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, at about one-third less than the usual rates. To select, send for a price list.

We can send any of the above goods by Express, to be paid for on delivery

C. E. COLLINS & CO.,
603 Montgomery st. San Francisco.

n17daw3m4p

AMERICAN SAW COMPANY



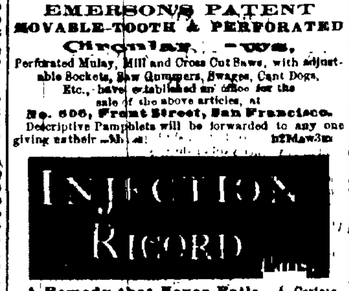
MANUFACTURE OF

EMERSON'S PATENT
MOVABLE-TOOTH & PERFORATED
Circular Saws,

Perforated Mulay, Mill and Cross Cut Saws, with adjustable Sockets, Saw Gummers, Swages, Cant Dogs, Etc., have established an office for the sale of the above articles, at

No. 606, Front Street, San Francisco.

Descriptive Pamphlets will be forwarded to any one giving us their address. m7d&w3m



A Remedy that Never Fails.—A Certain, Safe and Speedy Cure for GONORRHŒA, Etc.

INJECTION RICORD, PARIS.

Is the only Remedy that can be relied on for the certain, safe and speedy cure of Gonorrhœa in all its stages, and Chronic Gleet of the longest standing No internal medicine is necessary when the Remedy is used, and persons who for months, and even years, have suffered from these diseases, and tried all other things in vain, can calculate upon Speedy and Permanent Cure by the proper use of the Never-failing Remedy.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the written signature of RICORD on the wrapper, the name—INJECTION RICORD, PARIS, blown in the glass of the bottle, with cap of similar inscription.

Agents, San Francisco, Cal.,
B. LEFEVRE & CO., Druggists,
Corner Dupont and Washington streets.
For sale by all Druggists. d22d3m4p

NUCLEUS HOTEL,
CORNER MARKET AND THIRD STS.
SAN FRANCISCO.

STERN & HESS ..... Proprietors.

The *Nucleus* is in every respect a first-class Hotel, and we shall be glad to see our friends when they visit San Francisco. STERN & HESS.

jan23daw3m

J. C. JAMISON'S
STAGE EXPRESS LINE!

CARRYING U. S. MAIL AND WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

FROM PORTLAND TO
Hillsboro, Centerville, Forest Grove, Chehalem Lafayette, and McMinnville.

MAIL STAGE LEAVES OFFICE 21 WASHINGTON street, on Mondays and Thursdays, at 8 A M for McMinnville and intermediate stations Returning, leaves McMinnville on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 11 A M., Lafayette at 1 P M., and Forest Grove on Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 8½ A M

All orders for Goods, accompanied by the cash promptly attended to, and collections made at any of the above named places.

Passengers booked and Freight received at the Office 21 Washington street W W SKINNER Agent

o22dtf for J C Jamison

Notice.

C. M. CARTER COLLECTS ALL DEMANDS ON C/o the United States and on any State and to Bounty Scrip or vouchers, Back Pay, Lost Horse and Spoliation Claims, and Indian Vouchers Obtains Patents and Land Warrants Pensions collected under recent Act of Congress, granting same to the widow or brother and sister, back to time of the largest dealt of soldier the arrears to be paid to Pension Agents o25dtf.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR the State of Oregon In the matter of Aaron Cole Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Aaron Cole of Albany in the county of Linn and State of Oregon, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

Dated at Albany, the 24th day of December 1868

j13d4aw3t R S STRAHAN Assignee

BLACKSMITH'S AND CARPENTERS' TOOLS for sale by H W CORBETT & CO

CLACKAMAS

PAPER MILLS!

H. L. PITTOCK & CO, Proprietors

MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF

PRINTING PAPER,

AND

Manila and Straw
Wrapping Papers.

Having completed the erection of their Mill and supplied it with the latest improved machinery, are prepared to supply the trade with the above descriptions of Paper.

Orders are respectfully solicited, and will receive prompt attention.

They are now prepared to make STRAW PAPER of any size or weight, on special order

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE—No. 8 Washington St., st, Portland.

SAVE YOUR RAGS!

WANTED

AT

CLACKAMAS PAPER MILLS

500 Tons Rags,

OLD ROPE, GUNNIES, BURLAPS,

Paper Shavings, &c.

For which the HIGHEST PRICE will be paid, delivered at the Mill.

H. L. PITTOCK & CO.

BOOK PAPER!

40 and 24 lbs. weight,

On Hand For Sale!

H. L. PITTOCK,

No. 8 Washington street.

Printing Inks.

Printing Inks.

NEWS INK,

In 50 and 25 lb. Kegs,

ALWAYS ON HAND AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES,

FREIGHT ADDED

H. L. PITTOCK,

No 8 Washington St.,

PORTLAND.

SMITH BRO.'S IRON WORKS!

First St., bet. Main and Salmon,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

MANUFACTURE STEAM ENGINES

MILL MACHINERY of all kinds.

IRON and BRASS CASTINGS, FORGINGS and PATTERNS, of all descriptions.

IRON RAILINGS and FENCES for Houses, Cemeteries &c. &.

REPAIRING of all kinds promptly attended to by experienced mechanics ja9dtf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the District of Oregon.—In the matter of H M Thatcher Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by H M. Thatcher, of Marion county, Oregon, a said District duly declared a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 6th day of February, A. D. 1869 at 10 o'clock, A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same before said Court, when and where creditors of said Bankrupt may attend and show cause why the prayer of said petition should not be granted

R. WILCOX,
Clerk of the U. S. District Court for Oregon

Dec 29, 1868 d22d1aw3wTu

NOTICE TO CREDITORS, IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the District Oregon—In the matter of Jacob Hogate, Bankrupt No 1 Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Jacob Holgate, of Benton county, Oregon, in said District, duly declared a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867 for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said Act, and that the 8th day of February, A. D 1869 at 10 o'clock A M is assigned for the hearing of the same before the said Court when and where creditors of said bankrupt may attend and show cause why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and that the second and third meetings of the creditors of the said bankrupt will be held upon the same day at the same hour before W. Lair Hill Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office in the city of Portland, Oregon R WILCOX,
Clerk U S District Court, Oregon

January 18th 1869 19d1aw3wTu

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—DISTRICT COURT of the United States, District of Oregon—In the matter of R A Sutherland, Bankrupt.—To the creditors of said bankrupt who have proved their debts and other persons in interest: Take notice that a petition has been filed in said court by R A Sutherland, of Portland, Oregon, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2 1867 for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act and that the 23d day of January, A D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A M. is assigned for the hearing of the same, at the U S Court rooms in Portland, in said district, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted

R. WILCOX,
Clerk U S. District Court for Oregon

Dec. 29, 1868 d30d1aw3wW

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon In the matter of Linvill Bowers, bankrupt (in bankruptcy) Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Linvill Bowers of the county of Benton, State of Oregon, in said District, duly declared a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 6th day of February, A. D. 1869 at 10 o'clock, A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same before said Court, when and where creditors of said Bankrupt may attend and show cause why the prayer of said petition should not be granted, and that the second and third meetings of the creditors of said Bankrupt will be held on the same day at the same hour, before W. Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, at his office in the city of Portland, Oregon.

Jan. 19, 1869. R. WILCOX,
d1aw3wTu Clerk U. S. District Court of Oregon

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, A D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Isaiah Geer, of La Grand, in the county of Union and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, Oregon, before W Lair Hill, Register, on the 4th day of March A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

AL. ZIEBER,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
By W. H. West, Deputy. j25d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, A. D. 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Robert W Cochran, of Ladrand, in the county of Union, and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register, on the 25th day of Feb uary, 1869, at 10 o'clock A M.

AL ZIEBER,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
Per W. H. West, Deputy. j26d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 18TH day of January, A D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of James Cunningham, of the Dalles, Wasco county, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, in said District, before W. Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

AL. ZIEBER,
U. S Marshal, as Messenger

By W H West, Deputy j26d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 5TH day of Jan., 1869 a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Solomon Beary, of Portland, Multnomah County and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debt and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

AL. ZIEBER,
U. S Marshal as Messenger,
By W. H. West, Deputy. j19d30d

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 18TH day of January, 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of Elisha Thomas of Portland in the county of Multnomah, in said District adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law, and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, in Portland, aforesaid, before W. Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 4th day of March, A D 1869, at 10 o clock A. M. AL ZIEBER,

U. S Marshal as Messenger

By W. H. West, Deputy. ja26d30d

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 12TH day of January, A D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of H S Aiken, of Astoria, county of Clatsop, and State of Oregon, in said District, adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law A meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland Oregon, before W Lair Hill, Esq., Register, on the 18th day of February, A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M

AL ZIEBER,
U S Marshal as Messenger

Per W H West, Deputy. j14d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 12TH day of December, A D 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of James B Harlow of Portland, in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, in said District, before W Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 18th day of February, A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M.

AL ZIEBER,
U S Marshal as Messenger

Per W H West, Deputy j14d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 5TH day of Jan., 1869 a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Solomon Beary, of Portland, Multnomah County and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debt and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

AL. ZIEBER,
U. S Marshal as Messenger,
By W. H. West, Deputy. j19d30d

WILLAMETTE MARKET!

SPAULDING & CLINE,

N. E. Corner of Alder and First streets,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST OF

ALL KINDS OF MEATS!

All orders attended to promptly and delivered on the shortest notice.

WILL PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR BEEF NE MUTTON STOCK fe2d1aw1f

Real Estate For Sale.

RESIDENCE OR BUSINESS LOTS, in a central location, for sale on time or will exchange for other lots Apply to

C M CARTER

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
Fast Freight Line
TO IDAHO!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1868, UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows

From Portland to Express Ranch		18 cents per pound.	
" " "	Silver City	33 " "	"
" " "	Idaho City	30 " "	"
" " "	Boise City	23 " "	"
" " "	Interamde	14 " "	"
" " "	Umtilla	11 " "	"
" " "	Baker	17 " "	"

Portland, June 4, 1868

je4dtf WELLS, FARGO & CO

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,
Forwarding & Commission Merchants,
UMATILLA, OREGON.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE STOCK OF MESSRS FRANKENTHAL & HAAS, having taken their

FIRE-PROOF STONE WAREHOUSE,

We are now prepared to receive consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all parts of the Mines in Oregon, Idaho and Owyhee All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

☞ Consignments of Goods solicited. Mark Goods "Care of J R F., Umatilla"

A FULL STOCK OF

Clothing. Groceries and Provisions,

MECHANICS' MINERS' AND BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

IRON AND STEEL,

always on hand, and will be sold LOW FOR CASH

my4dtf JOHN R. FOSTER & CO

JOHN HAILEY'S

PIONEER LINE OF

Concord Coaches!

CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

We are now prepared to Book Passengers Direct to

Shasta City, Willow Creek Mines!

THROUGH TO SHASTA IN THREE DAYS!
FARE FROM UMATILLA..... ..$32 00.

LEAVES UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 3 o'clock for Willow Creek Mines, Boise City and all intermediate points. JOHN HAILEY, Proprietor,
Jan. 1, 1869 R. H. CARDWELL, Agent.
j4tf

United States Mails.

OREGON.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, Nov. 30, 1868.

PROPOSALS FOR CONVEYING THE MAILS OF THE UNITED STATES from July 1, 1869, to June 30, 1870, on the following Routes in the State of Oregon, will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 P. M of February 26 next, to be decided by March 6 following.

No.	
16142	From Fairfield, (n o) by Saint Louis, Waconda, Parkersville, Monitor, and Needy, to Oregon City, 26 miles and back, once a week. Leave Fairfield Tuesday at 7 a m; Arrive at Oregon City by 6 p m. Leave Oregon City Wednesday at , a m; Arrive at Fairfield by 6 p m
16143	From Astoria, by Clatsop, Summer House, (n o) Elk Creek, (n o) Nehalem, (n o) Miami Point, (n o) Chiches Point, (n o) and Netarch Landing, (n o) to Tillamook, 60 miles and back, once a week Leave Astoria Tuesday at 7 a m; Arrive at Tillamook next day by 6 p m; Leave Tillamook Thursday at 7 a m; Arrive at Astoria next day by 6 p m.
15144

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 6, 1869.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates ..... 74@74½
New York Gold Quotations 135¾

CIRCUIT COURT DOCKET.—*The following is the list of* law, chancery and criminal cases on the docket of the Circuit Court—Upton, Judge—for the February term, 1869:

LAW CASES.

1. A W & L M Starr vs Rihan Gee
2. John M Hafery vs *W C Wilson*
3. Levi Nelson vs C S Kingsley.
4. Frank & Holmes vs D Simon.
5. The Oregon Cascade R R Co vs The Oregon Steam Navigation Co.
6. Wm McMillan vs Henry Fuller.
7. John Torrence vs Wm Strong, Admr
8. Moffett & Maier vs Stephen Coffin.
9. H M Heath vs Wilson & Gilsan.
10. Ladd, Reed & Co vs Snow & Jessie
11. Isaac L Talley vs D H Ferguson et al.
12. M Shoshone & vs Wm Sherlock.
13. *Le Tonie* vs *Le Chu*
14. W G Hickha vs Wm De Journett
15. James Hays vs J H Reed.
16. John F Atkinson vs A G Walling.
17. H W Davis vs Thomas Taunton et al
18. Weinhard & Dellinger vs Thornton, Davis & Co
19. B F Smith vs M A Eldridge et al
20. Blumauer & Rosenblatt vs J S Ruckel
21. John McLaughlin vs John A Blanchard et al.
22. L M Starr vs Daniel Bigley
23. Leon *Vial* vs *Cesar Barbeau*
24. James Wilson vs Wm Tierney.
25. City of Portland vs Mrs Lory et al.
26. Lyman Williams vs Ebenezer Hast.
27. Elfelt, Weil & Co vs H H Snow & Jessie.
28. Chas Barrett vs Hugh Stoop.
29. Joseph Whaling vs James S Noland
30. W Hamilton vs Multnomah County.
31. James A Starling vs Hawthorne & Lowyer.
32. W C Wilson vs Al Zieber.
33. James M Gilman vs *Wm S Ladd* et al.
34. John Doole vs Goddsmith & Teal
35. John A Taylor vs Chas Talmadge.
36. Jacob Mayer vs J Sheppard
37. The County of Clackamas vs The People's Transportation Company.
38. N Moerholtz vs John H Hess
39. Mrs R C Sheppard vs Al Zieber, Sheriff.
40. M Minzesheimer vs Aaron Meier
41. John Stephenson vs Multnomah County.
42. L Goldsmith vs A J Dahl & Co.
43. James L Daley vs J M Baldwin et al.
44. John Teel vs Wm G Walsh.
45. J W Woodard vs Nelson Hoyt
46. James Bybee vs J W Peters & J W Cleaver.
47. Stephen Barker vs McCraken, Merrill & Co.
48. Geo W Vaughn vs John Bonser
49. D M *White* vs F Dalton & J H Fisk
50. Victor Trevitt vs L C Richardson et al
51. M H Dimmick vs Multnomah County.
52. Mary Carr vs Alfred Carr.
53. T J Carter et al vs Joseph Tucker.
54. *Geo O'Hara* vs Fred Bickel.
55. John Hall & Son vs D Metzger.
56. J McHenry vs W B Taylor.
57. L Goldsmith & Co vs A Crabenheim.
58. G H Myers vs Chas A Graham
59. R Graves vs School Dist No 6.
60. G Jacobs & Co vs John P Ladd
61. Richard Jacobs vs John P Ladd

CHANCERY SUITS

1. Stephen Coffin vs Geo W Vaughn.
4. Nancy M Cotton vs Robt A Cotton.
12. L Fleischner vs J P O Lownsdale et al
13. L W Wallace vs *J P O Lownsdale et al.*
14. First M E Church vs B F Smith et al.
27. Lodisia Saunders vs Wm M Clark.
28. E J Northup et al vs J P O Lownsdale et al.
47. Seth W Eddy vs Rachel H Eddy.
49. Maryetta Hall vs *Joseph Hall.*
52. Chas W Pope vs James M Gilman.
55. J C Jamison vs J B Congla.
64. Amelia A Davis vs Chas A Davis.
67. Teresa M Schriver vs George W Schriver.
68. Virginia Delavan vs Joseph Delavan.
69. James Terwilliger, Thomas Stephens et al vs D B Hannah, T J Carter et al
80. Francis Forman vs Polly Anny Forman.
81. H K Ehlers vs Fritz Ehlers.
82. C B Upton vs Moses Hurd et al.
83. Michael Taylor vs Catherine Taylor.
84. Kate Pfance vs *Robert France.*
85. Pannie Barman vs Isaac Barman.
86. Fred. Moarst vs Christina Moarst
87. Elizabeth L Myers vs J P O Lownsdale et al.

CRIMINAL CASES.

State of Oregon vs James Connolly, accused of murder in first degree.
State of Oregon vs Anthony Wilkins, accused of assault with a dangerous weapon.
State of Oregon vs Wong Toon, accused of assault and battery.
State of Oregon vs W G Welch, accused of lewd cohabitation.
State of Oregon vs Ah Jim, accused of larceny.
State of Oregon vs Wm T—r, charged with a dangerous weapon.
State of Oregon vs John Dough—ty, accused of threatening to kill
State of Oregon vs Fred Delschneider, accused of defacing a building not his own.
State of Oregon vs James Lamb, accused of larceny.
State of Oregon vs Frank Whitney, accused of assault with a dangerous weapon.
State of Oregon vs James Hayden and Edward Mallory, accused of murder in first degree.
State of Oregon vs Jack Brochardt, accused of assault with a dangerous weapon.
State of Oregon vs Fred C Smith, accused of larceny.
State of Oregon vs Jack Williams, accused of larceny
State of Oregon vs Jack Williams, accused of larceny.
State of Oregon vs John Williams, accused of larceny.
State of Oregon vs B F Fox, accused of grand larceny

DALLES ITEMS.—We clip the subjoined items from the *Mountaineer of yesterday: The following officers* were elected by Grant Hook & Ladder Company of this city, on the evening of the 3d inst.: Dr. D. D. Stephenson, President; R. D. Flock, Secretary; E. E. Welch, Treasurer; R Grant, Foreman; N. W. Chapman, 1st Assistant; W. N. Wells, 2d Assistant.....The new steel bell for the Congregational Church, weighing 800 pounds, arrived a few days ago..... From Mr. A Sutton, of Bridge Creek, in this county, we learned, the other day, we learn that the winter in that locality has been very close a it, and that the stock are all fat, the grass being in a splendid condition.....The amount of money that has been ex—ded by the Dalles and Canyon City Road Company since it—, for labor and material, foots up the —— sum of $30,939 79.....Several droves of cattle —— already arrived from the Walla— Valley..... The f—— officers were installed for Union Lodge, No. 16, I. O. O. F., for the term commencing February 1st, 1869, by State Deputy, William Harmad, on Wednesday evening, the 3d instant: E W Crandall, C W T; Miss Juanita Crandall, W F R S; Miss Laura McFarland, W I. R S; Mrs Jane A Mitchell, W F T; W B Ramsey, W F S; Miss Alice McFarland, W A S; P E Mitchell, W F S, M F Gillison, W T; Albert Bomar, W M; Miss Mary Brooks, W D M; Albert McFarland, W O G; W Hebard, W C, W Mitchell, P W C T .....On yesterday afternoon the Governor, accompanied by Colonel J. F. Morse and a number of gentlemen, took a ride on the cars to Celilo. ....Rev T. London delivered a very interesting lecture on Monday evening at his residence, to quite a number of young ladies and gentlemen, the subject being, The Formation of Lime and Coal; and, also, some remarks on Lava..... Mr. A. J. Boyd, of Camp Watson, for many years in the employment of the Government as packmaster and guide, called on us this week. He represents everything in that region of country as being in a flourishing condition. The winter has been extremely mild, and live stock of all kinds are doing well. Colonel Baker is still in command at Camp Watson, and enjoys good health as well as his entire command.

EXERCISES AT THE ACADEMY.—In addition to the usual Friday afternoon exercises at the Portland Academy, Prof. Gatch has recently added the new feature of lyceum discussions by the pupils. These debates prove quite interesting, both to pupils and visitors, and will no doubt result in great good to all concerned. A visitor at the school yesterday afternoon gives us the following synopsis of the exercises:

First, Instrumental and vocal music by the students, after which there was a short recess. After recess, the Lyceum Society was called to order by the President, Mr Fred. Strong.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the Secretary, Miss Minnie Couch, and approved. After which the question for debate, "Resolved, That the character of Queen Elizabeth is worthy of admiration," was announced by the Secretary. On the affirmative were Willie Upton, Miss Sallie Campbell and Harvey Henderson. Negative—Edward Deady, Miss Alta Bryant and Thomas Strong. The next thing in order was Declamation, by Masters George Upton, Charles Ladd and Miss Lillie Glenn.

Compositions by Misses *Jettie Blossom, Katie Holman*, Sarah Willson, Sarah Robb and Katie Nelson. Next was instrumental music by Prof Sodlax, George Ainsworth and Willie Keller. After the discussion by the students, Messrs. Chapman and Bennett, graduates of the Academy, took a part, *Mr. Chapman taking the affirmative and Mr.* Bennett the negative.

The President decided in the affirmative.

After debate, by request, Judge Deady made a few remarks.

SPIRITUAL MANIFESTATIONS.—An audience of sixty or seventy people were present last evening at Cardinell's Dancing Hall, to witness the performances by Mr Wm. Funk—a spiritual medium. *A committee was chosen* to tie the medium and to see that there was no trickery. The usual tying and untying was done, much to the mystification of the people, but we learn from a gentleman present that the committee and everybody else were satisfied that *the medium had no human assistance either* in untying himself when bound or in tying or being tied up again when free. Mr Funk and the spiritualists say that the spirits did it, while the disbelievers are almost perplexed. If it is a trick it is an unusually good one, and if not it is still more a *material*. Mr *Funk offers* to submit himself to any proper experiment which disbelievers wish to try with him

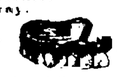
I. O. O. F.—The following list of officers of Crystal Lodge I. O. O. F., were installed Feb. 2, 1869, at Portland, Oregon: Wm Collyer, W C; Emma Hayden, V. C.; Chas Woodward, W Sec; Fritz, W Treas'r, Wm J Harland, W F Sec, Maggie Schuyler, W J G; Schuyler, W I G; W B Dusenbur, R S P W C T; Joseph Kiddler, W C; Anglo Saxon W M; Oakshett, R H S; M E Chatterton, L H S; Viola Skinner, W A Sec; G W Volmer Lodge Deputy after which the Lodge proceeded to business in the cause of Temperance.

THIEVES.—During the past week several houses in the neighborhood of Madison street have been entered, and in one or two instances, robbed of valuables. On Monday night, Mr Maguire's house was thus entered. Tuesday night, a considerable amount of family clothing was stolen *from a clothes line in the yard of Mr. F M.* Arnold. Thursday night an attempt was made to enter the house occupied by Mr Louis Chemin. Some of these midnight prowlers will yet go to kingdom come by a short cut, as a good many people are prepared for them.

PEAS IN BLOOM.—A resident of the northern part of the city informs us that there are peas in the garden of Mr Lewis, which are three feet high, have been growing all winter, and are now in bloom. *They came from seed* scattered from the vines in the fall.

TEETH EXTRACTED

By Dr. Richardson's Apparatus, Lately Improved by Dr. Koehler with Ether Spray.



WILLIAM KOEHLER,

DENTIST.

OFFICE—Southwest corner Front and Yamhill streets, over the J. K. Gill & Co's Hardware Store.

Having made a careful examination of the merits of the Alpha Gas, Ether, or the improved Anæsthetic Plates of Dr. G. W. Colton, patented June 27, 1867, the undersigned has adopted the latter, and will hereafter administer it to all patients requiring the use of an anæsthetic. The past year in Washington, Oregon and California has demonstrated the fact that the Colton Plate is the safest and most reliable anæsthetic ever discovered. Over 10,000 persons in the United States have had teeth extracted painlessly by the use of the Colton Plate, and not one life has been lost. Dr. Colton's Plates make the plate perfectly air-tight, and the patient can breathe through the nose and cough without the least pain. It is also safe for children. Price, $5 00.

N B—Dr. Colton's Gold and Vulcanite Plates can have it made at the office by applying to the Agent.

N B—I am now permanently located in Portland, having practiced dentistry in this city for the past two years. I will continue to devote my entire attention to the profession, and will endeavor to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me.

Having made arrangements to receive supplies from the best

EASTERN MANUFACTURERS,

I am now able to supply the trade with fresh and reliable Gas at reduced rates.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,

Office, No. 64 Front Street,

Between Taylor and Yamhill, Portland, Oregon.

Special Collector of Claims.

Back Pensions, Back Accounts, and all other claims against the Government promptly collected. jy1dawtf

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL!

A Family Remedy, so named by the many in every Bottle that is sold. Used externally for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Pleurisy, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Sore Mouths, and Rheumatic Pains. Pratt's Abolition Oil has been used in this climate *longer only to much as it is better* adapted to cure *than most ointments* than any remedy in use. Directions with each bottle. Price 50 cents and $1 00 per bottle. For sale by all Druggists.

PRATT'S NEW LIFE!

Cures Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Kidney Complaints, purifies the Blood, eradicates all Scrofulous and Cutaneous eruptions, such as Boils, Blotches, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ring Worm, Pimples, heals Old Sores, strengthens the Stomach, invigorates the Liver, and regulates the Bowels. An infallible remedy for Piles, and Dyspepsia. Price $1 00 per bottle. For sale by all Druggists. c18d3m

FOR SALE

BY PARRISH & ATKINSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

110 Front Street.

Lot 7 on S E corner of Clay and Second streets
Lot 4 on Corner of Harrison and Front streets
Lot 3 on Front, bet Columbia and Clay streets
Lot 6 on First, bet Columbia and Clay streets
Lot 7 on First, bet Harrison and Hall streets
N½ Lot 4 on Front, bet Salmon and Main streets
FARM OF 150 ACRES, 7 miles west of Portland, on the Hillsboro Road. Price $ 2,000
FARM OF 320 ACRES in Yamhill County—$2,500.
FARM OF 162 ACRES, 9 miles west of Portland—$2,000
FOR SALE—House and Lots 4 and west ½ of 3 in Block 181. Price $4500
NOW IS YOUR TIME—For sale—Lot 1 and the west ½ of Lot 2, in Block 168, with two Houses. All street improvements finished
House and Block 104.
Two Lots in Block Y. Price $300
Lot 4 on Block 104
Lot 8 in Block 114
Lot 7 in Block 143, with two Dwelling Houses
Two Houses and Lot 3 in Block 104
EAST HALF of Lots 5 and 6 in Block 254, on Washington street, is offered at a great bargain
100 ACRES OF LAND, with house and orchard, all for $400.
LOTS 5 AND 6 IN BLOCK 104.
LOT 6 IN BLOCK 63 Couch's Addition.
A FARM OF FIVE ACRES, 1½ miles from Portland, on Baseline road; well improved, good house, title perfect
LOTS 6, 7, and 8 in Block 65, Couch's addition.
LOTS 5, 6, 7 and 8 in Block 258
HOUSE AND LOTS 5 and 6 in Block 120 East Portland.
HOUSE AND LOTS 7 and 8 in Block 268.
ONE BLOCK *(on the river bank)* in East Portland
A FARM OF 267 ACRES, 100 of it cleared and fenced, 22 acres of orchard, 40 acres in cultivation, plenty of good water, 6 miles of Portland
TO LEASE.
FOR A TERM OF YEARS, Lots 2, 3, 6 and 7 in Block 69, Couch's addition
4 ACRES OF LAND, 1 mile north of Portland.
A SMALL FARM, 4½ miles south of Portland
☞ Apply to
PARRISH & ATKINSON,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
110 Front Street, Portland.

PIRATES,

SAIL UNDER FALSE COLORS!!

THE BEST EVIDENCE OF THE VALUE OF AN article may be found in the fact of its having numerous imitators. Every fine poem has its parodies, every meritorious literary work is subject to plagiarisms, every successful play has been burlesqued, every honest man has his detractors, every genuine dollar has been counterfeited, and every valuable medicinal preparation has its vile imitations. The proprietors of

DR. HENLEY'S WILD GRAPE ROOT IXL BITTERS

have encountered the usual experience in this respect. Such has been the success of this sterling preparation, that all inferior articles of the kind have virtually been driven from the market. The concoctors of these beverages finding that this new Tonic has exactly met the public want, and that no further demand exists for vile and worthless preparations, have resorted to the dishonest expedient of imitating either the name or the Style of label, both of which have been duly secured by the laws of the State to the proprietors of the I X L Bitters.

In justice to ourselves, as well as to the public who may be deceived by these nefarious practices, we hereby notify all parties guilty of infringement on our rights as well as those who have been buying up our old bottles in order to palm off their own nostrums as the genuine article, that they will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

For the further protection of consumers, we would state that we have used in Bitters in bulk, but always by the case. Look for our Trade Mark on every bottle. In ordering the article otherwise than direct from us, be sure to order Dr. Henley's Wild Grape Root I X L Bitters, and do not allow yourself to be imposed upon with an inferior article.

L. GROSS & CO.,

Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors,

IN Front st., near Jackson, San Francisco

WOODARD & CLIVEY Agents

JACOB STITZEL. JAMES B. UPTON, Attorney at Law

STITZEL & UPTON

Real Estate Brokers,

AND GENERAL AGENTS,

Office—Corner of Washington and Front Streets, (on the 2d and Floor),

(Opposite the American Exchange)

LOANS NEGOTIATED on Collateral Securities and First Mortgages on City Property.

Particular attention given to the COLLECTION OF NOTES AND ACCOUNTS, and other demands. All moneys collected promptly remitted

THE AGENCY FOR SALE LOTS AND BLOCKS LOCATED IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY, at Prices and on such terms as will suit the purchaser.

The best Maps and latest surveys are at our office open to public inspection, and such information as would be useful to parties seeking land for speculation or occupation.

OYSTERS!!

I WILL OPEN TO-DAY A FINE LOT OF

NETARTS BAY OYSTERS!

Those oysters are known to be the best flavored ones in the Bay. For sale by

C. A. BURCHARDT.

REFERRING TO THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF Messrs. Ayers, Carson & Co., the retiring firm will keep a full stock of the goods and trade that we offer for sale, and we invite the Wholesale and Retail trade to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We shall keep a full and complete assortment of

EASTERN MANUFACTURERS,

and will be prepared to fill orders promptly. Having made arrangements to receive supplies from the best

REMOVED

TO

Commodious Buildings, Cor. Front and Pine Streets,

adjoining through to First street, they would assure their friends and patrons that they will leave nothing undone to perpetuate the confidence already bestowed.

CORBITT & MACLEAY.

Portland, Jan. 9, 1869. jan9dtaw1m

COLEMAN & DALY,

REAL ESTATE, INTELLIGENCE AND COLLECTING AGENTS, ACCOUNTANTS, ETC.

No. 13 Alder street.

Nov. 11, 1868.

CHAS HODGE. CHAS B CALEF GEO W SHELL.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs and Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOW GLASS,

VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PAINTERS' MATERIALS

And Druggists' Sundries,

97 Front Street,

Portland, Oregon.

jel 2d3ptf

NEW JEWELRY

FOR

THE HOLIDAYS!

JOHN B. MILLER

No. 101 Front Street, Cor. Alder,

HAS JUST RECEIVED A NEW INVOICE OF

Watches,

Jewelry,

Silver Ware,

Clocks of all kinds.

A New and Latest Style of PATENT BELT BUCKLE.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED in the best workmanlike manner

J. B. MILLER,

n25tf 101 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

D. M. WILLIAMS GEO T. MYERS

WILLIAMS & MYERS,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

AND

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA PRODUCE

25 Front street, and 26 First street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

FLOUR, BRAN, MIDDLINGS, CHOP FEED, WHEAT, Oats Barley, Bacon, Lard, etc., etc., constantly on hand.

Agents for the *CHAMPION, COMMERCIAL*, and LAFAYETTE FLOUR MILLS.

Have ample FIRE PROOF STORAGE. Consignments solicited. d28tf

Notice.

LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS.

HAVING DISPOSED OF OUR BOOT AND SHOE business, we will devote our time and attention to

LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS.

We will keep in store a large and well assorted Stock of

Leather of all kinds.

Also, Shoe Findings.

1st WIBERG & STROWBRIDGE.

Straw Paper.

Straw Paper.

Straw Paper.

FROM CLACKAMAS PAPER MILLS. For sale to the Trade at LESS THAN CALIFORNIA PRICES

H. L. PITTOCK & CO.,

No. 5 Washington street.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

BLOCK NO. 16 COUCH'S ADDITION,

CONTAINING

Eight Building Lots,

SITUATED ON THE FIRST HIGH GROUND WEST of the Gas Works, fronting the tract conveyed to the Railroad Company for a Depot, is offered for sale. The BUILDINGS thereon will be sold to purchaser of Real Estate, or removed by the parties owning them. The title warranted. Apply to Rev J. McCORMAC, Eugene City, or to E. HAMILTON

d28dlmwtf 102 Front street, Portland

GIVE 'EM FITS! GIVE 'EM FITS!

W. BROWN,

FASHIONABLE BOOT MAKER,

Can fit your head, can fit your pocket, and fit your foot, with

CUSTOM-MADE BOOTS!

Of Warranted French Stock.

Boots and Shoes made and Repaired.

1 30d1m W. BROWN, Opp. Western Hotel.

Esquimalt, B. C.

THE HUDSON BAY COMPANY

Offer for sale at their

New Warehouses on Esquimalt Harbor,

IN BOND OR DUTY PAID,

Ex "Princess Royal," and to arrive per "Prince of Wales," from London,

Choice Wines,

BRANDIES,

SCOTCH WHISKEY, RUM,

ALE AND PORTER.

Also, ENGLISH GROCERIES, NAVAL STORES, &c. *Ships of the Largest Class can be berthed at their New* Wharf, and Storage, Boarded and Free, obtained at San Francisco rates

Special attention will be given to Goods in transitu to Alaska and Puget Sound.

☞ CASH ADVANCES *made upon Merchandise, at* current rates j19dtm

C. H. MYERS,

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting,

—AND—

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Work,

110 First Street,

Adjoining Western Hotel PORTLAND.

BUILDINGS FITTED UP WITH

GAS, WATER AND STEAM PIPES,

and all Work ☞ WARRANTED

Have constantly on hand an assortment of Gas Chandeliers, Imported from Europe, Marble Slabs, Pumps, Tin Ware, &c. &c.

TIN ROOFING, AND ALL KINDS JOBBING done at the most reasonable rates in the best manner.

Portland, Jan. 11, 1869. dtf

MESSRS. CORBITT & MACLEAY,

BEG TO RETURN THEIR SINCERE THANKS TO the Merchants of the State of Oregon and the Territories of Washington, Idaho and Montana, for the very liberal patronage and confidence bestowed upon them since their arrival in Portland. Having on the 1st of January

REMOVED

TO

Commodious Buildings, Cor. Front and Pine Streets,

they would assure their friends and patrons that they will leave nothing undone to perpetuate the confidence already bestowed.

CORBITT & MACLEAY.

Portland, Jan. 9, 1869. jan9 1m1w1m

DAVIS DAILY

COLEMAN & DALY,

REAL ESTATE, INTELLIGENCE AND COLLECTING AGENTS, ACCOUNTANTS, ETC.

No. 13 Alder street.

Nov. 11, 1868.

THE PACIFIC

BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

TWO STORES COMBINED!

R. D. WHITE & CO.

121 Front Street,

White's New Block,

OPPOSITE THE NEW COLUMBIA HOTEL

AND

131 First Street,

(Monnastes' Block.)

WE HAVE JUST OPENED IN OUR

MAGNIFICENT NEW STORE!!

WHITE'S NEW BLOCK

THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC!

AND ARE NOW READY TO SUPPLY CUSTOMERS WITH GOODS IN OUR LINE ☞ Cheaper than Ever!

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD!

Come and Examine our Goods and Prices, and see for yourselves.

We call particular attention to our assortment of

Gents' Fine Calf Boots!

We have the pleasure of announcing to our customers that we have determined to keep open also our Store at

131 FIRST STREET, (Monnastes' Building,)

and trust we shall continue to receive their liberal favors. liberal patronage.

R. D. WHITE & CO.

Portland, Dec 19, 1868. dtf

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!!

A CHOICE SELECTION OF GOODS

For HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

Can now be found at the Jewelry Establishment of

L. C. HENRICHSEN,

105 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.

JUST RECEIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO,

A FINE STOCK OF DIAMONDS!

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

GOLD GUARD VEST CHAINS, LATEST STYLES OF AMERICAN AND FRENCH JEWELRY.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

SILVER WARE

mostly the Gorham Manufacturing Company's,

AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

FRENCH CLOCKS, IN MARBLE AND BRONZE

AGENT FOR

BOHM'S PATENT BUCKLE;

AUGUSTE SALTZMAN'S, and

E. HOWARD & CO.'S CELEBRATED AMERICAN WATCHES.

☞ The above stock will be sold at very low figures Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy.

d5 dtf

H. SINSHEIMER,

COR. SALMON AND FRONT STREETS,

Direct Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

PIANOS

—AND—

Organs

OF THE BEST MANUFACTURERS.

Violin and Guitar Strings.

Genuine Roman and Italian, and all other

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

PICTURES and PICTURE FRAMES,

Which will be sold VERY LOW FOR CASH

☞ PIANOS, ORGANS, AND ALL OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, TUNED AND REPAIRED

Pictures Framed to Order.

d14 dawtf

HAWLEY, DODD & CO.,

(Successors to Jacob Underhill & Co. and E. A. Hawley & Co.)

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

IRON and STEEL,

HARDWARE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

AND

FARM MACHINERY.

☞ We would call the attention of the Trade and of the Farmers to our stock, which is full and complete *and offered extremely low*

j9tf HAWLEY, DODD & CO.

L. B. ANDREWS,

Real Estate and General Business

AGENT,

SEATTLE W. T.

REFERENCES—Hon O. C. Hewitt, Chief Justice Washington Territory; Hon B. F. Dennison, Associate Justice, Washington Territory; Hon S. Garfielde Surveyor General, W. T.; Hon P. D. Moore, Ex-Collector Internal Revenue, W. T. jldawtm

Manila Paper.

Manila Paper.

Manila Paper.

500 REAMS CLACKAMAS MILLS make, different sizes, for sale low by

H. L. PITTOCK & CO.

No. 5 Washington street

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

HAVING OPENED OFFICES AT

Forest Grove, Hillsboro', Lafayette, McMinnville, Butteville and Dayton.

WE WILL DISPATCH AN EXPRESS EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY MORNING to J. C. Jamison's Time Store for Treasure, Freight and Packages. WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Portland, Dec 1, 1868 dtf

Dissolution Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between Messrs. MANN & SCHLOTH, in Union Market, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to said firm are requested to call and settle immediately

P. J. MANN

C. SCHLOTH

Portland, Jan. 11, 1869.

C. SCHLOTH and THOS SHERLOCK will continue the business at the Union Market.

Portland Homestead Association

THE THIRD INSTALMENT OF FIVE DOLLARS per share on the Capital Stock of the Association is due and payable at the office of the Secretary, on or before the 15th day of February, 1869.

Shareholders are requested to call and pay the same without delay, and receive their Stock Certificates.

By order of the Trustees

f4 10d R. R. CHATFIELD, Sec'y

R. G. SNEATH,

Wholesale Grocer,

82 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON

Goods by the Package

FOR CASH AT

San Francisco Prices and Freight.

☞ Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired

Portland May 1, 1868 29dawtf

G. VENARD,

CHARTRES COFFEE!

Manufactory Established in June, 1851.

STEAM POWER NOS. 645 AND 647 FRONT ST.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND GROUND AND ROASTED COFFEE, GREEN COFFEE of the best quality, CREAM OF TARTAR and SPICES. Carefully selected, with a view to the preservation of health, and to produce a delicious beverage. Each package is guaranteed to be of the best quality, and to contain no adulteration whatever. Eight years experience in the business, and some years of that time as chief manufacturer of Chartres Coffee, enables me to feel confident that I can please the most fastidious in quality and price. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. The public are cautioned against the counterfeiters who have attempted to imitate the labels, and thereby deceive the public. I am determined to protect the public and myself from these villains, and will prosecute them to the full extent of the law.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Each package bears the signature of G. VENARD

R. G. SNEATH,

Wholesale Grocer,

32 FRONT STREET PORTLAND

Has been appointed Agent for the Sale of VENARD'S COFFEE AND SPICES. m19d1y

G. C. RIDER,

COR. FIRST AND SALMON STS.,

Opposite Burgess & Shindler's

Portland, Oregon.

Manufacturer of

Spring, Hair, Feather, Wool, Moss,

AND PULU BEDS!

AND DEALER IN

BLANKETS, BED SPREADS, COUNTERPANES, COMFORTERS, SHEETS, PILLOW-CASES, AND ALL KINDS OF BEDDING MATERIALS

Oregon-made Furniture constantly kept on hand. Furniture Repaired, Cleaned and Varnished.

oct 8 tf

THOMAS LETT STAHLSCHMIDT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WHARF STREET,

VICTORIA, B. C.

n24tf

H. W. CORBETT & CO.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH

HARDWARE,

53 Front St., Corner of Oak,

j6 PORTLAND, OREGON. 1f

EVERYBODY WANTS WHAT?

PRINTING

DONE BY

CARTER & HICKS,

Cor. Front and Stark Sts.,

PORTLAND, O.

☞ ENTRANCE on Stark street. 3dtf

MADAME LANGE,

PROFESSOR OF PIANO,

AND OF FRENCH LANGUAGE

Corner of First and Oak streets.

jy PORTLAND. d1m

City Wood Yard.

STEAM WOOD SAW.

ALL KINDS OF GOOD WOOD KEPT CONSTANTLY on hand.

READY SAWED WOOD furnished cheaper than it can be had at any other yard in the city.

JAMES WILSON,

Foot of Taylor street, back of Beebe's Feed Store.

Portland, Jan. 9, 1869. dtf

Swift's New Store!

ON THE UPPER UMATILLA,

IS NOW COMPLETED AND IS WELL FILLED WITH

A NEW STOCK OF COODS.

Go and See Him, Everybody!

an24dtf

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice that on the 16th day of January, 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John A. Carr of Portland Multnomah Co. State of Oregon who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be held at the office of Hall & Mackey, Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register in Bankruptcy for said District on the 1st day of March A. D. 1869 at 10 o'clock A. M.

AT ZIEBER

U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

By W. H. WEST, Deputy j16d3w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, 1869, a warrant of bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States of the State of Oregon against the estate of William F. Spencer of Portland in the county of Multnomah and District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition. That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hall & Mackey, Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register in Bankruptcy for said District on the 1st day of March A. D. 1869 at 10 o'clock A. M.

AT ZIEBER

U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

By W. H. WEST, Deputy j16d3w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, 1869, a warrant of bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States of the State of Oregon against the estate of Smiley of Multnomah, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition. That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hall & Mackey, Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register in Bankruptcy for said District on the 1st day of March A. D. 1869 at 10 o'clock A. M.

AT ZIEBER

U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

By W. H. WEST, Deputy j16d3w

BOOK PAPER.

JUST RECEIVED ex steamer of 40 and 44 lb Book Papers. For sale low by

HENRY L. PITTOCK

No. 5 Washington street

CELEBRATED

AROMATIC

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.

TO THE CITIZENS OF OREGON

I BEG LEAVE TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE citizens of Oregon to my AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, which, as to purity, excellence and healthfulness, is unsurpassed by any liquor in the market. It is made from the choicest Rye, and is highly recommended by the Medical Faculty of the Atlantic States, as a pure and wholesome stimulant. It is made from barley malt and rye, and is highly recommended by the Medical Faculty of Europe

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB 6, 1869

Southern Claims.

The discussion of the Sue Murphy claim in Congress attracted very general attention throughout the country. The Republican press are united in opposing the payment of this and all kindred claims, while the Democratic press are manifesting extraordinary zeal in urging Congress to recognize the claim and pay it. Even the Democratic papers of Oregon take a lively interest in the matter, and editors who never said one word in favor of paying the just debts incurred in suppressing the rebellion, but who have continually questioned its justice and validity, and incessantly lamented the burden of taxation, now grow extremely indignant because Congress hesitates to throw open the door which would let in claims for the whole mass of property destroyed by our armies in the South, and increase the debt at once to two or three times its present sum.

Their zeal in this matter is perfectly intelligible. The more they embarrass the Government the better it is for their purposes. They would rather not have the Treasury prosperous and the financial course of the country smooth, while the ruling power is in the hands of Republicans. And they know that their purpose cannot be promoted more effectually than by accumulating debt. Every addition they make to the national indebtedness furnishes them with a fresh illustration of recklessness and misgovernment. There can be no improvement of the public credit while these additions are possible.

As a leading Eastern journal observes, it is difficult to say why any Republican Senator should lend himself to a policy so fraught with mischief and danger. The hardships and losses borne by loyal residents of the South during the rebellion were undoubtedly cruel and severe, but they were incident to the situation, and form no title to Governmental compensation. As a matter of humanity they had a right to expect succor and consideration wherever and whenever the national authority was re-established, and both were granted promptly and freely. More than this they are not justified in asking. Nor is Congress justified in entertaining propositions in their nature untenable, and which cannot be acceded to without exposing the Treasury to bankruptcy. It is not in the power of the Government to make money payments for all the sufferings and sacrifices endured, even by its friends, in the midst of a struggle which pressed hardly upon the whole country, and there is neither prudence nor equity in attempting a feat which points directly to national insolvency. These Southern claims to relief ought not to be granted if they could, and, though they were ten times stronger than they are, their settlement would be financially impossible.

There was a long controversy in the Senate to determine whether Sue. Murphy was loyal or disloyal during the war, and this well illustrates the folly of opening the door to a class of claims which would seem designed to cover falsehood and fraud. Neither Congress nor the most active of its committees could hope to discriminate between the genuine and the counterfeit, and either would soon abandon the attempt. The result may be imagined. We should have an endless array of applicants, all converted by the help of perjury into suffering loyalists. The only way to prevent this wholesale knavery is to refuse to entertain any claim. It is easy to understand why a woman's case was selected for the experiment, but not so easy to comprehend the respect accorded to a pretence which appeals to the fears of those who resist it. The moral standing of a claim cannot be good whose advocates threaten the bondholders with repudiation if the Sue Murphys of the South be denied what they want. The most that can be said in a report of any such claim is, that the principle on which it rests merits an intelligent decision; and when a class of politicians confound a question of this sort with the recognized obligations of the Government, they simply show how little their judgment should be trusted, and how indifferent they are to the honor and interest of the country. Hence when the *Oregon Herald* threatens that unless these claims be allowed the whole debt shall be repudiated, we know exactly what its party is driving at. They want these Southern claims to be allowed so as to increase the debt and bankrupt the country, when they would charge the whole to "Radical extravagance," and make use of the condition of affairs to secure a party triumph, and probably general repudiation.

"RECIPROCITY."—Those who clamor for a revival of the Canadian Reciprocity treaty have encountered a "circumstance" of the most uncomfortable type. The report of a special commissioner of the Treasury shows that, while the old treaty was in operation, we derived a revenue of only $75,000 annually *from Canadian importations, while our exports to those provinces yielded* $2,500,000 per year in customs to the Canadian government. More than that; abrogating the one-sided arrangement, our Canadian trade has actually increased, and the Treasury has collected $7,000,000 annually in duties therefrom. This is a bad show for any more "reciprocity."

THE LAST ACT OF INFAMY.—The acting President has pardoned Dr. Mudd and will soon pardon the other assassins of Mr Lincoln. Either Andrew Johnson committed an *act of the greatest atrocity when he hanged* several of the assassins in 1865, or his use of the pardoning power now is a most unseemly outrage. If the first hypothesis be the true one he should go and hang himself for shame and remorse. If the last be true he should at once be impeached and removed from office. It seems to be the fatality of this man that every step he takes increases the loathing and detestation with which he is regarded by his countrymen.

THE BULK OF THE WORLD'S GOLD.—The New York *Mercantile Journal*, in discussing the folly of attempting to conduct the future business of the world upon the gold basis, *makes the following statements*

All the gold that exists in the United States to-day could be placed in a square box of less than fifteen feet in length, width, and depth

"A room one hundred feet long, one hundred feet wide, and ten feet high would hold eight times the total amount of gold in the known world.

"The 'golden calf,' worshiped by the would-be statesmen of our day, who desire an accumulation of coin to the extent of $250,000,000 in our national Treasury, as a basis upon which to resume specie payments, if melted down would not fill a square box measuring nine feet each way.

"How puerile, then, to clog the wheels of finance and commerce by a blind subserviency to the ridiculous tenets of the dark ages. Coal and iron are infinitely more valuable to commerce than this boasted metal."

STATE ITEMS

The *Unionist* reports an interesting revival of religion among the United Brethren a few miles below Boon's Ferry, on the Willamette river.

The Salem paper tells us that, the sidewalk laid down in Salem, if in one continuous line, would measure between twenty five and thirty miles. Of *this amount, none is less than six feet wide and a part is twelve feet in width.*

There is a company incorporated for the construction of a water ditch in McMinnville, for milling purposes. The incorporators are W. I. Newby, J. C. Ainsworth, S. Coffin, L. Hembree, J. M. Johns, E. W. Holmes and C. M. Carter.

A company has been incorporated for the construction of a ditch in La Grande to convey water from the Grande Ronde river, at Oro Dell. It will contain about 5,000 inches, with a fall sufficient for any machinery.

The La Grande paper says J. H. Stevens has been collecting some statistics relative to our valley, with the following result. Cattle in the county 10,000, horses and mules, 2,000, hogs, 8,000 bushels of wheat, 30,000, oats, 20,000.

The oil mill of Salem is manufacturing about 180 gallons of linseed oil per day, and has on hand *sufficient seed to run until after next harvest.* All farmers desiring to sow seed the coming season will be furnished with seed on application at the mill.

The *Advocate* learns that a very interesting series of meetings have been held in the M. E. Church at Salem, under charge of Rev. Stratton, and that quite a number of accessions to the Church have been made from time to time, by letter and on probation.

Judge Alberson, says the *La Grande Sentinel*, returned from the Shasta country on Monday last, and the Judge, as well as the miners, express a belief that the next season will be a prosperous one in the mines. Considerable drifting is now going on.

The *Unionist* of yesterday (5th) says We learn from a private letter shown us yesterday that Col. W. G. T'Vault, of Jacksonville is down with the small pox. Considering his great age and the irregular habits of his life, it is a grave question whether he will recover.

Rev. W. T. Chapman writes from Dayton, Feb 1st, to the *Advocate*: "Last night we closed the protracted meeting which commenced Jan. 11th. Twelve were added to the Church, and several others professed conversion. We received much assistance from our Presiding Elder, and also from Bros. Spaulding, Powell and Garrison."

General Paragraphs.

By Overland Mail.

CRIMINAL APPEALS IN FEDERAL COURTS.

[From the New York Times, Jan 15.]

We see that Senator Trumbull has introduced a bill into the Senate to provide for the due execution of judgments of the Federal Courts in capital criminal cases. According to the synopsis of the bill which has been given, it provides that whenever a judgment of death shall be given in any United States Court, and the case "shall be carried to the Supreme Court by appeal or writ of error, in pursuance of law," the execution shall be postponed until the decision of the Supreme Court in the case, and it further provides for the execution of the decree, if the Supreme Court shall sustain the judgment.

THE "DO-SOMETHINGS" IN VIRGINIA.

[From the Chicago Tribune, Jan. 18.]

The *press in Virginia is hastening to learn the lesson of Grant's election.* The Richmond *Dispatch* says "negro suffrage is plainly inevitable, and longer opposition would be vain;" the Danville *Times* says "it is perfectly useless to contend any longer against negro suffrage;" and a Lynchburg correspondent writes to the Richmond *Whig* that he has reason to believe that "a constitution establishing universal suffrage, but liberal and free from objection in other respects, embodying no offensive provisions of disfranchisement, mixed schools, etc., would be regarded by a majority of our people as the best and readiest escape from the evils of our situation."

THE LEGAL TENDER ACTS.

[From the Chicago Republican, Jan. 16.]

Rumors at the Capital concur in representing four of the eight Supreme Justices—Grier, Davis, Swayne and Miller—as favoring a decision for the constitutionality of the Legal Tender Acts, and Messrs. Field, Clifford and Nelson against it, with Judge Chase "believed" to side with the majority. His vote the other way would divide the Court evenly and leave the present state of the question undisturbed. But an impression has become general, in quarters the best informed, that the act will be sustained by a clear majority of the Court.

THE OGEECHEE (GA.) TROUBLES.

[From the New Haven Palladium, Jan. 14.]

We hope none of our readers omitted to read Gen. Sibley's report to Gen. Meade on the Ogeechee troubles. For more than a week the Associated Press brought us dispatches representing the negroes as spreading destruction throughout the district. The Democratic press, as is its wont, made them the text for sermons on the horrors of negro suffrage. They expatiated with unction upon the fearful spectacle of the whites fleeing for their lives, leaving their women and children—the brave fellows—to the mercy of "negro savages." A United States officer went out to see what was the matter, and found the "insurgents" were armed with three muskets and a bayonet on a stick. The sheriff set off with a posse of one hundred and twenty men and bravely shot a ferocious young negro rebel, aged fourteen, in the leg, wounded two or three negroes and then the brave white men all ran away. The sheriff cautiously remained on board a railroad car during the engagement. Then the citizens formed three battalions consisting of from five to eight hundred men and commanded by generals, colonels, majors, captains, lieutenants, etc., all to put down the insurgents who were armed with three guns and a bayonet on a stick. The negroes had not thrown up any fortifications, and indeed there *did not seem to be any necessity* on their part for such defenses, since the chivalrous whites all ran the moment they fired on the small boy. When *the United States troops* appeared on the scene, tranquility was restored by the surrender of the terrible rebels, and quiet reigns in Georgia. Is it *not about time for the democratic press to stop* talking nonsense about negro insurrections?

GENERAL GRANT AND THE TENURE-OF-OFFICE ACT.

[From the Boston Journal, Jan. 14.]

Some of our Democratic friends are trying to make it appear that the Republicans who voted against the repeal of the tenure of office bill were actuated by lack of confidence in General Grant. An examination of the vote is sufficient to demonstrate the absurdity of the supposition. General Grant has no warmer supporters than Garfield, Delano, Shellabarger, Pomeroy, Laflin, Ames, Jencks, Pike and others, who all voted in the negative. They do not belong to the faction commonly called extreme radicals. Most of the extreme men voted for repeal. The negative vote was larger than it would have been had the bill come from the committee in the regular way. Coming up as it did, many Republicans looked upon it as making too much haste to consolidate the coming power, and this, coupled with the objection of putting such important measures through under the whip of the previous question, caused some of the ablest and most practical men in the House to vote in the negative. Probably no one thing did more to secure the passage of the bill, than the positive statement by the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, Mr. James F. Wilson, that the committee had agreed to such a bill, but that owing to the short session they would be unable to report it in regular order under the call of their committee. The assumption that Mr. Sumner will head the opposition to the repeal in the Senate, is also unwarranted. He has made no public statement of his views on the subject, but in private conversation has indicated that he will vote for the repeal.

IMPORTANT TO LIFE INSURERS.

[From the New York Sun, Jan 14.]

A case of great interest to life insurers has recently been decided by the general term of the superior court of New York. A life insurance company in Maine in September, 1866 issued a policy for $10,000 upon the life of Mr. Warner of New York, who represented at the time of his examination by the medical officer of the company, that he had no regular physician. Warner died in February, 1867, when it became known that he had availed himself of the services of one doctor for himself and family for several years, receiving prescriptions from him the month before his application for life insurance, and also after the policy had been issued. Under these circumstances the insurance company refused to pay the claim of Mr. Warner's heirs, and in the trial of the case before the late Justice Roberts, the position of the defendants was sustained. The matter was then taken on appeal by the plaintiffs to the general term of the superior court, and the decision of the court below was affirmed.

By Overland Telegraph.

DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN

DATES TO FEBRUARY 5.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—In the Senate, the credentials of the newly elected Senators, Upton and Stewart, were presented.

House moved to take up the motion that the Senate reconsider the vote relating to the Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad. The motion was lost.

The Constitutional Amendment came up at the expiration of the morning hour. The pending question was Stewart's motion to substitute for the House resolution the Senate resolution, reported from the Judiciary Committee. Ferry made an elaborate speech. Morton objected to the Senate resolution on the grounds that it left it in the power of States to disfranchise for other causes than race, color or previous condition of slavery. He preferred an affirmative amendment regarding who should have the right of suffrage extended to them.

The Senate took up and passed the Patent Office appropriation bill.

Williams offered the following amendment, to which he would speak to-morrow: Congress shall have power to abolish or modify any restrictions on the right to vote or hold office prescribed by the constitution or laws of any State.

The Senate took a recess.

In the House, Johnson and Scannell, the two recusant witnesses, were brought before the bar of the House and discharged from custody.

Woodard introduced a joint resolution, changing the name of Wyoming Territory to Shoshonee. Referred.

Schenck moved that the evening session be devoted to general debate, as some desired to revise the whisky and tobacco amendments, which were not yet printed. Schenck said he desired a final action on the bill during the present Congress. The motion was agreed to.

The amendment reported by the Committee of the Whole to the Indian Appropriation bill was taken up.

Garfield moved to recommit the bill with instructions to report an additional section transferring the Indian bureau to the War Department. Ruled out of order.

Butler, of Massachusetts, stated that the bill under consideration would not pay the Indian expenditures by three millions. If the system begun by the Peace Commissioners is carried out, that plan would cost six to seven millions per annum.

Garfield denounced the Indian Bureau as thoroughly corrupt.

Winton defended the Bureau.

Several members participated in the debate.

Holbrook, Delegate from Idaho, in the course of some remarks used the following words: "Gentlemen in charge of this bill saw fit to silence him by raising points of order and making assertions he knew at the time to be unqualifiedly false."

The Speaker called him to order, and the offensive remarks were taken down.

Holbrook attempted to repeat the words, when the Speaker again interrupted him and said it would be improper for him to repeat the objectionable words. The words having been taken down by the reporter, were read by the clerk, when the Speaker, in severe terms, said: "The Chair rules these words just uttered, as unparliamentary and indecorous. When any gentleman declares that a member has stated on this floor what he knew to be unqualifiedly false, he uses the most insulting language that can be uttered on the floor of a parliamentary body."

Holbrook was about to make some remark when Benjamin interrupted him and said he objected to the Delegate proceeding until he retracted what he had said.

Holbrook—"I do not propose to retract one word of what I have said!"

Mr Speaker—"The Delegate from Idaho refuses to retract his words."

Holbrook—"Does the Chair rule?"

Mr. Speaker—"The Chair rules that the remarks of the gentleman were not only unparliamentary, but were as insulting as could be made on the floor of a parliamentary body."

Holbrook—"I desire to ask a question."

Speaker—"The Chair can yield to no debate with the gentleman."

Mr. Chandler appealed from the decision of the Chair as being contrary to previous decisions made.

Speaker—"The Chair can hold controversy with the gentleman from New York, or any other gentleman, in relation to other decisions. Any decision stands by itself on words used subject to appeal at the time."

Chandler withdrew his appeal.

Schenck offered a resolution that Holbrook, delegate from the Territory of Idaho, having uttered the following language, (quoting it,) distinctly and in the presence of the House, and refusing to retract the same, be immediately brought to the bar of the House by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and severely censured by the Speaker. Adopted without division.

The Speaker administered the censure of the House.

Holbrook then retired and the discussion was continued at some length, and finally the bill was passed.

The House took up the bill to authorize the building of a military and postal road from Washington to New York. Cook spoke in its favor. Kerr spoke against it. The morning hour expired and the bill went over and the House proceeded to the business lying on the Speaker's table.

In the Senate, the joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to annul the stationery contract with Dempsey & Otoie, was passed with a slight amendment.

Several other Senate resolutions were passed, when the Senate took a recess.

In the Senate evening session a few private bills passed.

The bill to amend the act granting lands in aid of the branch Central Pacific Railroad to Portland, Oregon, *was recommitted.*

The Senate adjourned.

Washington News.

Chicago, Feb. 5—A *Washington special says*: In view of the lateness of the session, the House Committee on Foreign Affairs have concluded to *do nothing further in the Alta Vela matter. They* will ask the House to be discharged from the further consideration of it. They have also agreed *to report against the bill for the benefit of the* Venezuelan claimants.

The House Judiciary Committee is still occupied *in taking testimony in the case of Judge* Busteed. The evidence taken since December nearly equals the amount occupied by the debates *in both houses since that time.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. The *Times* says the President has pardoned Mudd.

Messrs Cole and Axtell have recommended Napoleon B. Stone for the San Francisco Assessorship. The President favors D. J. Williamson. *The confirmation of Thomas F. Wilson to Copenhagen* is doubtful. Wm L. Higgins and Major O'Brien want the California Marshalship. Jack Stratman wants *the position of postmaster.*

Cassedy was cordially greeted in the Senate yesterday, and will remain till after the great New York public dinner on Monday next.

The Senate Committee has reported adversely upon Conness' bill to create a southern judicial district, and Stewart's bill giving Lillie the Government title to three leagues of land in Marin county.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5. A Washington dispatch says the President yesterday ordered a pardon to be issued to Dr Mudd. Efforts are being made to secure the pardon of Arnold and Spangler the only remaining prisoners confined on that charge, and there is reason to believe they will be successful, and that before the close of Johnson's term every living participant in that crime will be released.

Senator Henderson sailed for Cuba to-day to regain his health.

Gold Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Feb 4. The Committee of Ways and Means have agreed to report Schenck's bill to strengthen the public credit and legalize gold contracts, pledging the faith of the United States to the payment of the bonds in coin.

Thomas O'Sullivan, ex Collector of Internal Revenue for the Northern District, and John F. Lynch, distiller, have been arrested, charged with revenue frauds.

Usury Law in Maine.

AUGUSTA, Maine, Feb 4. The House of Representatives yesterday, after an animated debate rejected the bill allowing parties to fix any rate of interest.

Georgia Matters.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb 4. *The House yesterday* adopted a resolution to submit the eligibility of colored members to the courts, but voted down the motion for an instruction to the Judiciary Committee to prepare a bill to bring the matter immediately before the court's. Another motion declaring the House to abide by the decision of the courts was also defeated.

New York Matters.

NEW YORK, Feb 5. Pork is very firm for new mess $25. Beef is quiet and steady, and butter dull and declined.

Western Union Telegraph Company's

Dividend of 3 per cent on the par value of their Capital stock, $40,000,000, payable on the 1st of January, at $1,200,000 in bonds and securities, was arrested today and made to disgorge $20,000. His confederates are still at large with the balance of the plunder.

From Mexico.

HAVANA, Feb 1. The Mexican Congress adjourned on Thursday, after passing bills for the establishing of the Guaymas and Rio Grande Railroad and telegraph.

There is a movement desires an extraordinary session of Congress.

The army and civil employees of the Government have been paid up to the 1st of January.

Mexican papers accuse President Johnson and Minister Seward of hinting at annexation in public utterances.

The report that Alvarez has pronounced against the Government is not confirmed.

The rural police is largely augmented.

Additional leaves on the 28th inst. for Vera Cruz.

HAVANA, Feb 5. The *Diario* says the revolutionary chief Arango was assassinated by order of Quesada.

The town of Seybo in San Domingo has pronounced for a revolution against Baez.

The Mexican Congress granted a concession to the Eljazo Mexican railroad to Julius Skellon.

Arch. Canto has escaped.

From Cuba.

HAVANA, Feb 4. A rumor has been current for several days that the revolutionary Generals Cespedes and Agualla have surrendered to Count Valmaseda. It is untrue. No news is received from the eastern department. The journals of Havana have refrained the past week from publishing news from the seat of war. There appears to be an understanding not to inform the people of the situation of affairs. The *Diario* to-day says the revolutionary general, Arango, has been assassinated by nine companions.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE

LONDON, Feb 4.—The latest advices from Athens indicate the adherence of Greece to the decision of the Paris Conference.

Lieut. Colonel Edmund Henderson is appointed Commissioner of the London Police, vice Mayne, deceased.

The Brazilian force had gone to Asuncion, Paraguay, to establish a provisional government.

The Fenian Costello's appeal is denied by the British Government.

MADRID, Feb 4.—Bands of Carlists have made their appearance in Catalonia. They came from the valley of Algeria, and seek to produce a rising against the provisional government. Troops have been sent to disperse them. The press of this city, fearing civil war, urge the government to take action and the people to unite against reactionary parties.

PARIS, Feb. 4—The bullion in the bank of France has increased nearly three *million francs.*

GENEVA, Feb. 4.—The popular excitement against the Conference is intense. A short delay has been accorded for Greece to reply to the protocol.

LONDON, Feb. 4. A public meeting was held yesterday favoring a Fenian amnesty.

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 5.—A suit has been commenced by the District Attorney against the Savings Banks for $3,216 67 to be paid as mortgage tax on securities held by them.

A negro named Ed. Hall, examined to day for attempting to outrage Mrs. Faller, was held to answer in the sum of $3,000, in default of which he was committed to prison.

The steamer *Golden Age* will sail for Panama to-morrow afternoon.

Just before the sailing of the steamer, yesterday, for China, a Chinaman named Hong Kee bought about 2,000 barrels of flour of sundry parties in this city on credit of thirty days, the flour was forwarded by steamer. Yesterday the purchaser of the same disappeared simultaneously with the sailing of the steamer. It is surmised that he has gone on to dispose of the flour. An effort will be made to intercept him.

Monetary.

Legal tenders 74@74¼.

Gold closed 135¼.

New York and Liverpool wheat and grain quotations unchanged.

Produce Market.

Flour—superfine $4 62½@4 75; extra, $5 62½@5 75.

Wheat—$1 70, 1 75@1 80.

Barley—$2 15; quotable at $2 10@2 20 and fair to choice brewing, $2 20@2 30.

Oats—California quotable at $2 10@2 20; Oregon, $2 15@2 25.

Shipping.

Arrived—bark *Heiress*, 172 days from New York, bark *Live Yankee*, Portland.

Nevada Dispatch.

VIRGINIA CITY, Feb. 5.—Wells, Fargo & Co shipped last night sixteen bars of bullion, weighing 717 pounds, valued at $20,950 95. Reports from our mines are generally very encouraging this morning and a good feeling is manifested by all.

The Crown Point Co. are drifting on their 1,100 feet level, and expect to reach their lead in a distance of 150 feet.

Daniel Duff, who escaped from the pest house, has not been found. His course was tracked a distance of seven miles, his steps being marked with blood from his lacerated feet.

The pugilists, Joe. Coburn and Con. Mooney, give a sparring exhibition at Carson City, Monday next.

Geo. H. Gilmore was found dead in his bed, at Truckee, yesterday morning.

There were four cases of small pox reported at Verdi yesterday. No new cases reported in the city.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

JACKSONVILLE, Feb. 5.—Two deaths from small pox occurred here yesterday. One of them was District Attorney W. G. T'Vault, well known as one of the pioneers of Oregon, and once Speaker of the Assembly. No new cases have shown themselves for several days, and only four cases are now under treatment in this county. Since the commencement of the epidemic there have been sixty five cases, eighteen of which have been fatal. All except four are now convalescent.

A HORRIBLE STATE SECRET.—Another terrible state secret has been unearthed from the dust of three centuries. Juana, the mother of Emperor Charles the Fifth, was the legitimate Queen of Spain; the historians say she went mad in consequence of the sudden death of her husband, Philip. But in reality, she was not mad at all, but was kept cruelly imprisoned, first by her father, Ferdinand, and then by her son, the German Emperor, Charles the Fifth, for fifty long years. The persecutions of which she was made a victim, were commenced by her mother, Isabella, because Juana uttered heretical views about the *persecutions of heretics (burning at the stake,* etc.)

After Isabella's death, her father, Ferdinand, *continued to maltreat* the poor woman, in order to reign in her place. Finally her own son, Charles the Fifth, confined her in a dungeon, and permitted *himself to abuse and torture her when she refused* to take part in the divine service held in the prison. These facts have been brought to light by a *German historian*, M. Bergenroth, who derived them from the autograph letters of Charles the Fifth, hitherto kept secret in the archives of Simancas, *and published them in Sybel's Historical Journal*, Nov. 4, 1868.

In the 15th of January the following resolution introduced in the Senate by Mr. Corbett, was agreed to: That the President direct the Secretary of the Treasury to detail an officer to select such prominent points upon the coasts of Oregon, Washington Territory and Alaska, as in his judgment may be necessary, for light house purposes, in view of the future commercial necessity of the Pacific coast, and to reserve the same for the exclusive use of the United States.

It is reported that Surratt has in course of preparation for the press a complete history of his wanderings during his efforts to avoid the Government detectives and escape arrest, and that he will divulge everything he knows bearing in any way upon the parties concerned in the assassination of President Lincoln.

OUR OCEAN LINE OF STEAMERS. A private letter from San Francisco says that a strong and well regulated Steamship company was formed in that city for the purpose of running three steamers regularly between San Francisco and Portland. The steamers are known to be suitable for the ocean trade and are noted for good speed and splendid passenger accommodation. Two people of Oregon, it will have an opportunity of showing whether they are willing to patronize good and staunch steamers at a reasonable price for freight and passage, as it will depend on the patronage these steamers will receive whether they will remain in our waters or not.

While on the subject of position, remember that KOHN & FRIEDLICH, No. 91 Front street have the finest stock of *fancy and Dry goods*, and sell at very low prices.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST DRUG STORE in Portland is the Oregon Drug store, No. 53 First street. Prescriptions compounded, and delivered at the *House* at 50 per cent discount on former prices in this city. Dr Loryea will visit the sick free of charge.

LORYEA & KALLENBERG, 53 First street.

DIED:

At Dalles City, Jan. 29, of the ague & fever, Mary E. Kitchen.

She leaves a bereaved husband and two children, together with many warm friends. Deceased was twenty two years of age and a native Oregonian.

We are passing from the earth away,
Like mist before the sun

NEW TO-DAY.

W. WEATHERFORD. W. WEATHERFORD.

WEATHERFORD & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, CHEMICALS,

Glass, Brushes, Varnishes,

PERFUMERY, FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES, EXTRACTS, ACIDS HERBS ALL OF THE

POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES!

Druggists' Sundries, Paint & Mixing oils,

For sale, Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Dealers and consumers are invited to give us a call. PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED.

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CARD MOUNTS, CASES, FRAMES, Albums Paper, Chemicals, etc., etc., of our own importation, direct from manufacturers hands, and for sale at San Francisco prices.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
Dealers in Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,
97 FRONT STREET

THE BEST TOBACCO YOU EVER SAW, AND the only Tobacco fit to "Chew," is at N. E. corner of First and Washington streets.
feb5dtf W. B. NORMAN

THE LADIES BUY THEIR BEAUTIFUL BASKETS and Toys for the Children at N. E. corner of First and Washington streets.
feb5dtf W. B. NORMAN

ALL GENTLEMEN "HANKER" FOR THE FINE Cigars sold at N. E. corner of First and Washington streets.
feb5dtf W. B. NORMAN

THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS CIGAR AND VARIETY Store in Portland. N. E. corner of First and Washington streets.
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LAFONT & WARD'S

MINSTREL AND VARIETY TROUPE!

AFTER A LONG JOURNEY THROUGH CALIFORNIA and British Columbia, has arrived in Portland, and intend to give one of their Chaste Entertainments

At Oro Fino Hall,

On Saturday Evening, Feb. 6, 1869.

LOOK AT THE ARRAY OF TALENT!

Mr. J. H. O'Neil, Irish Comedian and Negro Delineator.
Mr. George Pearce, Banjoist, and General Performer.
Mr. John Everest, Violinist;
Master Rainor, Tenor Singer.
Mr. Foster, Champion Clog Dancer of the Pacific Coast.
Mr. Pete Emerson, the great Song and Dance man.
Senor Carbola, Pianist, and General Performer.
Mr. James Coulter, General Performer.

ALONG WITH THE INIMITABLE

NED WARD, and TOM LAFONT!

☞ Box Office will be open from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M.

Dress Circle or Parquette	50 cts
Reserved Chairs	.75
Gallery	25

Matinee Saturday Afternoon, at 2 o'cl'k.
Admission 50 Cts.—Children 25 Cts.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, A. D. 1869, a warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of James Bothwell, of Portland, in the county of Multnomah, said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, or his use or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, said debtor, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to *choose one or more assignees* of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, in Portland, aforesaid, before W. Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 13th day of March, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

AL. ZIEBER,
feb 6|30d U. S. Marshal for said District.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO.

Corner of North Front and E Sts.,

One Block North of Couch's Wharf,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

MANUFACTURE

STEAM ENGINES, Boilers,

SAW AND CRIST MILL Quartz and Mining MACHINERY

OF ALL KINDS,

Castings for Agricultural Machinery,

SHIPLEY'S PATENT TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,

For Fire-Proof Buildings, at

SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS IN THE STATE. No charge for the use of them.

All orders for Work will be Executed Promptly.

JOHN NATION,
May 8, 1868 dtf Superintendent.

Proposals.

BY AUTHORITY FROM THE DEPARTMENT Commander, Sealed Proposals will be received up to noon on the 20th day of February, 1869, at this Office, and at the office of the Acting Assistant Quartermaster, at the U. S. Military Camp, on San Juan Island, W. T., for the carrying, by steamer, of the Military Express, Troops, Employees and Military Supplies of the United States, except heavy Ordnance, between Victoria, B. C. and the U. S. Military Camp on San Juan Island, W. T., for one year or less, at the option of the Department Commander. Service to be performed once a week, on such day thereof as may be designated by the Commanding Officer of said Camp.

Further particulars can be learned by application at this Office, or at the Office of the Acting Assistant Quartermaster, at Camp, San Juan Island, W. T.

A. R. EDDY,
Bvt. Col. Chief Quartermaster Dep't Columbia
Office Chief Quartermaster's Dep't Col.
Portland, Oregon, Jan 26, 1869. 5|26tf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between CHANCY C. Rosford, John Dolan, and George S. Pershin, doing business as *East Portland, Oregon*, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent, Geo. S. Pershin having purchased the interest of Chancy C. Rosford in and to said business.

J. DOLAN
G. S. PERSHIN
C. C. ROSFORD.

E. Portland, Feb. 2, 1869.

John Dolan and George A. Pershin hereby give notice that they will continue the business of General Merchandise, under the firm name of PERSHIN & DOLAN, having assumed all debts and liabilities of the late partnership of Pershin, Dolan & Co. and to whom all accounts of said partnership must be paid.

JOHN DOLAN
GEO. S. PERSHIN

East Portland, Feb. 3, 1869. feb6d1m

THE MUTUAL LIFE INS. COMPANY, OF NEW YORK,

Incorporated 1842.

Assets $30,000,000 Cash.

THIS OLD AND WELL ESTABLISHED COMPANY will issue Policies payable in COIN or CURRENCY on and after Feb. 1st, 1869.

HEATH & WEST,
feb5dtf Agents for Oregon.

For Sale.

A 1 A LOW FIGURE

ONE SOLAR CAMERA
ONE VIEW TUBE, combined, with Patent Duplograph, Views 11x17 inch
ONE 1-2 PORTRAIT TUBE
TWO 1-2 PORTRAIT TUBES, and BOX.
All Warranted

feb5dtf **AT BUTCHEL'S GALLERY.**

WOOLEN GOODS.—10-4 SHEETING Flannels, Oregon Flannels, 11-4 Shaker Flannels, Opera Flannels, in white, black and colors, Welsh Flannel, Domestic Flannels, ASW Plaid and Half Wool Shaker Flannels, from 37½ cts to $1 per yard. Silk Warp Flannels, Scarlet Flannels, Checkings Tweeds, Yarns, Knit All Wool Underwear, for men and women, Knit Skirts, Socks, &c. &c. For sale by

JOHN WILSON,
feb5dtf 119 Front street.

POWDER AND SHOT, for sale by
jy6 H. W. CORBETT & CO.

VALENTINES!!

100 Gross COMIC!

50,000

SENTIMENTAL VALENTINES!

FROM 25 CTS. TO $150 00!

McCORMICK'S!

feb 5dtf

LOST!

$50.00!!

BY NOT BUYING MY BOOTS AND SHOES at

KAST & CAHALIN'S
Philadelphia Boot Store.
No. 114 Front Street,
Opposite Morrison's Block, Portland, Oregon.
jy1f

Removal.

WE HEREWITH INFORM THE TRADE THAT we have

REMOVED

OUR STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES

—TO—

No. 47 Front Street,

in the Store formerly occupied by Corbett & Macleay. We are now opening

A LARGE STOCK, RECEIVED PER STM'R "AJAX."

J. KRAEMER & CO.,
j26dtf&p Successors to Wilberg & Strowbridge.

Dissolution of Copartnership

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of JOHN MASON & CO., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the said John Mason having purchased the entire interest of Jemima I. Heath in said firm, and is *authorized to sign* in liquidation, and will pay all claims against said firm.

(Signed) JOHN MASON.
(Signed) JEMIMA ISABELLA HEATH
San Francisco, Jan 20, 1869.

Referring to the above announcement, I would state that I am carrying on the same old business, as usual. Thanking the numerous customers for their liberal patronage, in the future hope to have the same bestowed as heretofore.

Mr. BENJ. J. HAYS is my duly authorized Agent and Attorney in settling affairs of JOHN MASON & CO., and in the future prosecution of the business in my name and I hereby disapprove of any acts from this time forward, or at any other time, of the late Agent of this concern. (Signed) JOHN MASON
San Francisco, Jan 21, 1869. j30d6t

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S NOTICE!

BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL LEAVE PORTland as follows:

FOR DALLES—*Daily (Sundays excepted)* at 8 o'clock A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Monday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR MONTICELLO—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M.

N. B.—BOATS FOR TRANSPORTATION OF STOCK in readiness when business offers.

J. C. AINSWORTH,
feb4dtf Pres't O. S. N. Co.

JESSE DAVIS' GRAND BALL AND GIFT ENTERTAINMENT!

JESSE DAVIS

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS FRIENDS AND the public generally, that he will

On the 4th and 5th of March, 1869,

AT THE METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

In Umatilla City, Oregon,

give a GRAND BALL AND GIFT ENTERTAINMENT. The Ball will be given on the evening of the Fourth of March, and the Drawing of Gifts will take place on the next day, commencing at 1 o'clock, P. M.

TICKETS FOR THE BALL AND DRAWING GIFTS $5.00 EACH—SUPPER $2.00 EXTRA.
6 TICKETS $15; 12 TICKETS $30; 20 TICKETS, $50.

20 Valuable Gifts!

amounting in the aggregate to

$9,000

in value, will be distributed among the holders of Tickets. 3,000 Tickets will be disposed of.

The FIRST GIFT will be—

The Metropolitan Hotel, Umatilla City,

together with all of its FURNITURE AND FIXTURES complete for business, valued at $5,000. This House is the largest and best in the city, and cost $12,000. It is a good frame house, two stories high, located in the immediate centre of the business portion of the town.

ONE OTHER GIFT is

J. Davis' Livery Stable, and Corral,

two buildings from the Hotel, doing a good business, and which cost $2,000; 32x75 feet, finished off with Stalls and Office.

ANOTHER GIFT is—

A Good